Standard Foods Corporation and Subsidiaries

Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 and Independent Auditors' Report

DECLARATION OF CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF AFFILIATES

The companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of affiliates in accordance with the "Criteria Governing Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises" for the year ended December 31, 2022 are all the same as the companies required to be included in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies as provided in International Financial Reporting Standards No. 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements". Relevant information that should be disclosed in the consolidated financial statements of parent and subsidiary companies. Hence, we have not prepared a separate set of consolidated financial statements of affiliates.

Very truly yours,

STANDARD FOODS CORPORATION

By

TER-FUNG TSAO Chairman

March 23, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Standard Foods Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Standard Foods Corporation and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

The key audit matter identified in the Group's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 is stated as follows:

Estimate of Return Liability

Standard Foods Corporation and its subsidiaries in China mainly manufacture and sell nutrient-rich food, edible oil products, dairy products and beverages. Taking into account the current market conditions and the historical experience of its sales in the past, the Group estimates the probable amount of each product's return liability. Refer to Notes 5 and 22 to the consolidated financial statements for detailed information related to return liability. Because the assessment of return liability involves management's critical accounting estimates and judgments, we considered the assessment of return liability to be a key audit matter.

The key audit procedures that we performed in respect of the estimate of return liability included the following:

- 1. We obtained an understanding and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the key controls over the estimates of the return liability.
- 2. We selected samples from the sales return transactions and inspected the correctness of the sales returns in the current year.
- 3. We obtained the relevant reports of estimates of sales return liability, and we recalculated and reviewed that the assessment results were adequate.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Standard Foods Corporation as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance, including the audit committee, are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Standard on Auditing of the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient and appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision, and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2022 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audits resulting in this independent auditors' report are Tza-Li Gung and Han-Ni Fang.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

March 23, 2023

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS **DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021** (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021			
ASSETS	Amount	%	Amount	%	
CURRENT ASSETS	¢ 1249.255	16	¢ 2749.000	14	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6)	\$ 4,348,255	16	\$ 3,748,069	14	
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current (Note 7)	1,286,801	5	1,174,960	4	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current (Note 8)	184,359	l	313,940	1	
Financial assets at amortized cost - current (Note 9)	1,061,060	4	1,936,561	7	
Notes receivable (Notes 10 and 25)	9,223	-	18,370	-	
Trade receivables (Notes 10 and 25)	4,965,650	18	5,699,413	20	
Trade receivable from related parties (Notes 25 and 32)	4,737	-	7,290	-	
Finance lease receivables - current (Note 11)	516	-	3,576	-	
Other receivables (Note 10)	307,080	1	218,409	1	
Current tax assets (Note 27)	588	-	4,765	-	
Inventories (Note 12)	5,658,738	20	5,701,129	20	
Prepayments (Note 13)	1,258,577	4	1,527,503	5	
Other current assets (Notes 19 and 33)	109,597		97,350		
Total current assets	19,195,181	<u> 69</u>	20,451,335	72	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current (Note 7)	8,721	-	7,235	-	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current (Note 8)	359,217	1	507,240	2	
Financial assets at amortized cost - non-current (Note 9)	1,807,854	7	716,466	3	
Property, plant and equipment (Notes 15 and 33)	4,282,791	15	4,333,681	15	
Right-of-use assets (Note 16)	590,816	2	652,121	2	
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Investment properties (Notes 17 and 33)	762,361	3	785,735	3	
Goodwill	558	-	558	-	
Other intangible assets (Note 18)	110,260	-	102,423	-	
Deferred tax assets (Note 27)	430,159	2	437,485	2	
Finance lease receivables - non-current (Note 11)	4,930	-	20,455	-	
Net defined benefit assets - non-current (Note 23)	619	-	6,143	-	
Other non-current assets (Note 19)	375,946	1	268,263	1	
Total non-current assets	8,734,232	31	7,837,805	28	
TOTAL	<u>\$ 27,929,413</u>	_100	<u>\$ 28,289,140</u>	_100	
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY					
CURRENT LIABILITIES	* 2 020 177	10	ф. 1.0 7 0.4 <i>6</i> 0	_	
Short-term borrowings (Notes 20 and 33)	\$ 2,928,175	10	\$ 1,372,463	5	
Short-term bills payable (Note 20)	-	-	259,855	1	
Contract liabilities - current (Note 25)	478,697	2	509,315	2	
Notes payable (Note 21)	543,484	2	859,254	3	
Trade payables (Note 21)	1,405,642	5	1,895,397	7	
Trade payables to related parties (Note 32)	19,633	-	19,472	-	
Other payables (Note 22)	3,737,651	14	3,440,103	12	
Current tax liabilities (Note 27)	238,594	1	397,210	1	
Lease liabilities - current (Note 16)	93,575	-	89,117	-	
Other current liabilities (Notes 5 and 22)	130,462		141,994	1	
Total current liabilities	9,575,913	34	8,984,180	32	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES					
	120 616		272 661	1	
Deferred tax liabilities (Note 27)	139,616	-	323,661	1	
Lease liabilities - non-current (Note 16)	157,283	1	230,856	1	
Net defined benefit liabilities - non-current (Note 23)	180,637	1	242,050	1	
Other non-current liabilities (Note 22)	22,224		31,176		
Total non-current liabilities	499,760	2	827,743	3	
Total liabilities	10,075,673	36	9,811,923	35	

EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY (Note 24)

Ordinary shares	9,150,897	33	9,150,897	32
Capital surplus	156,981	1	144,066	1
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve	3,852,023	14	3,606,189	13
Special reserve	577,494	2	577,494	2
Unappropriated earnings	4,045,655	14	4,769,802	17
Total retained earnings	8,475,172	30	8,953,485	32
Other equity	(250,528)	<u>(1</u>)	(190,076)	<u>(1</u>)
Treasury shares	(21,182)		(21,182)	
Total equity attributable to owners of the Company	17,511,340	63	18,037,190	64
NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS (Note 24)	342,400	1	440,027	1
Total equity	17,853,740	64	18,477,217	65
TOTAL	<u>\$ 27,929,413</u>	100	<u>\$ 28,289,140</u>	100

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021		
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
OPERATING REVENUE Sales (Notes 25 and 32)	\$ 28,922,800	100	\$ 34,307,044	100	
OPERATING COSTS Cost of goods sold (Notes 12, 26 and 32)	22,564,224		26,075,184	76	
GROSS PROFIT	6,358,576	22	8,231,860	24	
OPERATING EXPENSES (Note 26) Selling and marketing expenses General and administrative expenses Research and development expenses Expected credit loss (gain) Total operating expenses	3,740,658 964,825 171,538 <u>38,700</u> <u>4,915,721</u>	$ \begin{array}{c} 13\\3\\1\\\\-17\end{array} $	4,054,211 1,023,005 177,876 (4,817) 5,250,275	$11 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ \\ 15 \\$	
OPERATING INCOME	1,442,855	5	2,981,585	9	
NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES (Note 26) Interest income Other income Other gains Finance costs Total non-operating income and expenses	$ \begin{array}{r} 132,393 \\ 50,891 \\ 46,893 \\ \underline{(61,953)} \\ 168,224 \end{array} $		$ \begin{array}{r} 105,660 \\ 60,338 \\ 54,442 \\ (49,011) \\ 171,429 \\ \end{array} $		
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX	1,611,079	5	3,153,014	9	
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Note 27)	366,971	1	651,908	2	
NET PROFIT FOR THE YEAR	1,244,108	4	2,501,106	7	
 OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Remeasurement of defined benefit plans Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss (Note 27) Total items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss 	59,562 (277,623) (14,419) (232,480)	(1) 	3,515 304,523 (2,148) <u>305,890</u> (Cor	- 1 	

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2022		2021			
	Amount	%	Amount	%		
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences on translation of the						
financial statements of foreign operations Income tax relating to the items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss	\$ 155,074	1	\$ (51,015)	-		
(Note 27) Total items that may be reclassified	(30,920)		10,163	<u> </u>		
subsequently to profit or loss	124,154	<u> </u>	(40,852)			
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year, net of income tax	(108,326)		265,038	1		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 1,135,782</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>\$ 2,766,144</u>	<u>8</u>		
NET PROFIT ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,214,098 	4	\$ 2,456,628 <u>44,478</u>	7		
	<u>\$ 1,244,108</u>	4	<u>\$ 2,501,106</u>	7		
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO:						
Owners of the Company Non-controlling interests	\$ 1,199,905 (64,123)	4	\$ 2,623,752 142,392	8		
	<u>\$ 1,135,782</u>	4	<u>\$ 2,766,144</u>	8		
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 28) Basic Diluted	<u>\$ 1.34</u> <u>\$ 1.34</u>		<u>\$ 2.70</u> <u>\$ 2.70</u>			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Equity Attributable to Owners of the Company													
				Retained	Earnings		Exchange Differences on Translation of the Financial Statements of	Other Equity Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other					
	Ordinary Shares	Capital Surplus	Legal Reserve	Special Reserve	Unappropriated Earnings	Total	Foreign Operations	Comprehensive Income	Total	Treasury Shares	Total	Non-controlling Interests	Total Equity
BALANCE AT JANUARY 1, 2021	<u>\$ 9,150,897</u>	<u>\$ 127,392</u>	\$ 3,287,022	<u>\$ 577,494</u>	<u>\$ 4,918,357</u>	<u>\$ 8,782,873</u>	<u>\$ (572,206</u>)	<u>\$ 216,714</u>	<u>\$ (355,492</u>)	<u>\$ (21,182</u>)	<u>\$ 17,684,488</u>	<u>\$ 331,139</u>	\$ 18,015,627
Appropriation of 2020 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends to shareholders	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	<u>(319,167)</u> (2,287,724)	(2,287,724)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>		(2,287,724)		(2,287,724)
Adjustment of capital surplus for the Company's cash dividends received by subsidiaries	<u>-</u>	16,674		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	16,674		16,674
Decrease in non-controlling interests										<u> </u>		(33,504)	(33,504)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2021	-	-	-	-	2,456,628	2,456,628	-	-	-	-	2,456,628	44,478	2,501,106
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021, net of income tax	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	1,708	1,708	(40,651)	206,067	165,416	<u> </u>	167,124	97,914	265,038
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2021		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	2,458,336	2,458,336	(40,651)	206,067	165,416	<u>-</u>	2,623,752	142,392	2,766,144
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2021	9,150,897	144,066	3,606,189	577,494	4,769,802	8,953,485	(612,857)	422,781	(190,076)	(21,182)	18,037,190	440,027	18,477,217
Appropriation of 2021 earnings Legal reserve Cash dividends to shareholders	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	(245,834) (1,738,670)	(1,738,670)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(1,738,670)	<u>-</u>	(1,738,670)
Adjustment of capital surplus for the Company's cash dividends received by subsidiaries		12,672		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>					12,672		12,672
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries		243									243	<u> </u>	243
Decrease in non-controlling interests	<u> </u>							<u> </u>				(33,504)	(33,504)
Net profit for the year ended December 31, 2022	-	-	-	-	1,214,098	1,214,098	-	-	-	-	1,214,098	30,010	1,244,108
Other comprehensive income (loss) for the year ended December 31, 2022, net of income tax	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>	46,259	46,259	123,680	(184,132)	(60,452)	<u> </u>	(14,193)	(94,133)	(108,326)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	1,260,357	1,260,357	123,680	(184,132)	(60,452)	<u>-</u>	1,199,905	(64,123)	1,135,782
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2022	<u>\$ 9,150,897</u>	<u>\$ 156,981</u>	<u>\$ 3,852,023</u>	<u>\$ 577,494</u>	<u>\$ 4,045,655</u>	<u>\$ 8,475,172</u>	<u>\$ (489,177</u>)	<u>\$ 238,649</u>	<u>\$ (250,528</u>)	<u>\$ (21,182</u>)	<u>\$ 17,511,340</u>	<u>\$ 342,400</u>	<u>\$ 17,853,740</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Income before income tax	\$ 1,611,079	\$ 3,153,014
Adjustments for:	¢ 1,011,079	\$ 5,155,011
Depreciation expenses	595,485	605,138
Amortization expenses	68,429	77,892
Expected credit loss recognized (reversed) on trade receivables	38,700	(4,817)
Net gain (loss) on fair value changes of financial assets and financial	50,700	(4,017)
liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	74,856	42,047
Finance costs	61,953	49,011
Interest income	(132,393)	(105,660)
Dividend income	(132,393) (24,447)	(24,059)
Net loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,684)	20,862
Loss on disposal of investment	(1,004)	259
Others	5,592	(998)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	5,572	())()
Financial assets mandatorily classified as fair value through profit or		
loss	(186,887)	276,351
Notes receivable	9,448	(15,212)
Trade receivables	744,175	565,283
Trade receivables from related parties	2,553	1,721
Other receivables	(41,051)	5,990
Inventories	92,932	(593,914)
Prepayments	284,590	45,750
Other current assets	(11,339)	(33,568)
Accrued pension assets	5,524	(2,622)
Contract liabilities	(37,832)	(235,573)
Notes payable	(328,804)	768,540
Trade payables	(497,144)	(208,778)
Trade payables - related parties	161	(1,054)
Other payables	272,543	6,719
Other current liabilities	(13,038)	70,363
Net defined benefit liabilities	(3,125)	(33,751)
Cash generated from operations	2,590,276	4,428,934
Interest received	84,521	105,543
Interest paid	(61,387)	(49,624)
Income tax paid	(742,564)	(675,794)
income ux pare	<u>(1+2,30+</u>)	<u>(075,774</u>)
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,870,846	3,809,059
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of financial assets at amortized cost	(4,398,684)	(3,668,940)
Refund of financial assets at amortized cost	4,192,025	2,744,087
Payments for property, plant and equipment	(386,518)	(619,206)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	7,775	3,968
Payments for intangible assets	(20,531)	(17,247)
		(Continued)
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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2022	2021
Acquisitions of right-of-use assets	\$ (16,377)	\$ -
Decrease in finance lease receivables	18,585	¢ 2,917
Increase in other financial assets	(131,696)	(82,902)
Increase in other non-current assets	(25,620)	(53,969)
Other dividends received	24,447	24,059
Net cash used in generated from (used in) investing activities	(736,594)	(1,667,233)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in short-term borrowings	1,549,193	-
Decrease in short-term borrowings	-	(467,003)
Increase in short-term bills payable	-	129,986
Decrease in short-term bills payable	(259,855)	-
Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities	(90,904)	(83,532)
Increase in other financial liabilities	-	11,112
Decrease in other financial liabilities	(9,272)	-
Decrease in other non-current liabilities	(127)	-
Dividends paid to owners of the Company	(1,759,502)	(2,304,554)
Net cash used in financing activities	(570,467)	(2,713,991)
EFFECTS OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON THE BALANCE OF CASH HELD IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES	36,401	(11,784)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	600,186	(583,949)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	3,748,069	4,332,018
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 4,348,255</u>	<u>\$ 3,748,069</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND 2021 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Stated Otherwise)

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Standard Foods Corporation (the "Company") was incorporated on June 6, 1986. The Company mainly manufactures and sells nutritious foods, edible oils, dairy products and beverages.

The Company's shares have been listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange since April 1994.

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries, collectively referred to as the "Group", are presented in the Company's functional currency, the New Taiwan dollar.

2. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 15, 2023.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW, AMENDED AND REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, the "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have material impact on the Group's accounting policies.

b. The IFRSs endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC) for application starting from 2023

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB
Amendments to IAS 1 "Disclosure of Accounting Policies"	January 1, 2023 (Note 1)
Amendments to IAS 8 "Definition of Accounting Estimates"	January 1, 2023 (Note 2)
Amendments to IAS 12 "Deferred Tax related to Assets and	January 1, 2023 (Note 3)
Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction"	

- Note 1: The amendments will be applied prospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 2: The amendments will be applicable to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies that occur on or after the beginning of the annual reporting period beginning on or after January 1, 2023.
- Note 3: Except for deferred taxes that were recognized on January 1, 2022 for temporary differences associated with leases and decommissioning obligations, the amendments were applied prospectively to transactions that occurred on or after January 1, 2022.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group assessed that the application of the above standards and interpretations will not have a material impact on the consolidated financial position and financial performance.

c. The IFRSs in issue but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

New IFRSs	Effective Date Announced by IASB (Note 1)
Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"	To be determined by IASB
Amendments to IFRS 16 "Leases Liability in a Sale and Leaseback"	January 1, 2024 (Note 2)
IFRS 17 "Insurance Contracts"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IFRS 17 "Initial Application of IFRS 9 and IFRS 17 - Comparative Information"	January 1, 2023
Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current"	January 1, 2024
Amendments to IAS 1 "Non-current Liabilities with Covenants"	January 1, 2024

Note 1: Unless stated otherwise, the above IFRSs are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates.

Note 2: A seller-lessee shall apply the Amendments to IFRS 16 retrospectively to sale and leaseback transactions entered into after the date of initial application of IFRS 16.

As of the date the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Group is continuously assessing the possible impact of the application of the above standards and interpretations on the consolidated financial position and financial performance and will disclose the relevant impact when the assessment is completed.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a. Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and IFRSs as endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC.

b. Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments which are measured at fair value and net defined benefit liabilities which are measured at the present value of the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of plan assets.

The fair value measurements, which are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value measurement inputs are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, are described as follows:

- 1) Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- 2) Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- 3) Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

c. Classification of current and non-current assets and liabilities

Current assets include:

- 1) Assets held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Assets expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Cash and cash equivalents unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Current liabilities include:

- 1) Liabilities held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- 2) Liabilities due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period; and
- 3) Liabilities for which the Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are classified as non-current.

d. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and the entities controlled by the Company (i.e., its subsidiaries).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income from the effective dates of acquisitions up to the effective dates of disposals, as appropriate.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full upon consolidation. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

Changes in the Group's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Group losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the interests of the Group and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to the owners of the Company.

Refer to Note 14, Tables 7 and 8 for the detailed information on subsidiaries (including the percentages of ownership and main businesses).

e. Foreign currencies

In preparing the financial statements of each individual entity in the Group, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (i.e., foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Exchange differences on monetary items arising from settlement or translation are recognized in profit or loss in the period.

Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the period except for exchange differences arising from the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income.

Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the functional currencies of the Company and the entities in the Group (including subsidiaries that use currencies which are different from the currency of the Company) are translated into the presentation currency, the New Taiwan dollar, as follows: Assets and liabilities are translated at the exchange rates prevailing at the end of the reporting period; and income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. The resulting currency translation differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

f. Inventories

Inventories consist of raw materials, work in progress, finished goods and merchandise and are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventory write-downs are made by item, except where it may be appropriate to group similar or related items. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale. Inventories are recorded at weighted-average cost on the balance sheet date.

g. Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment (including assets held under finance leases) are stated at cost, less recognized accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Cost includes professional fees and borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. Such assets are depreciated and classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use.

Depreciation of property, plant and equipment is recognized using the straight-line method. Each significant part is depreciated separately. If the lease term is shorter than the useful lives, assets are depreciated over the lease term. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis.

On derecognition of an item of property, plant and equipment, the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

h. Investment properties

Investment properties are properties held to earn rental and/or for capital appreciation.

Investment properties are initially measured at cost, including transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, investment properties are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation is recognized using the straight-line method.

On derecognition of an investment property, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is included in profit or loss.

i. Goodwill

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment loss.

For the purposes of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units (referred to as cash-generating units) that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

A cash-generating unit to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the unit may be impaired, by comparing its carrying amount, including the attributed goodwill, with its recoverable amount. However, if the goodwill allocated to a cash-generating unit was acquired in a business combination during the current annual period, that unit shall be tested for impairment before the end of the current annual period. If the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the impairment loss is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the unit and then to the other assets of the unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the unit. Any impairment loss is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

If goodwill has been allocated to a cash-generating unit and the entity disposes of an operation within that unit, the goodwill associated with the operation which is disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation when determining the gain or loss on disposal, and is measured on the basis of the relative values of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

- j. Intangible assets
 - 1) Intangible assets acquired separately

Intangible assets with finite useful lives that are acquired separately are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment loss. Amortization is recognized on a straight-line basis. The estimated useful life, residual value, and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate accounted for on a prospective basis. Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives that are acquired separately are measured at cost less accumulated impairment loss.

2) Intangible assets acquired in a business combination

Intangible assets acquired in a business combination and recognized separately from goodwill are initially recognized at their fair value at the acquisition date (which is regarded as their cost). Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured on the same basis as intangible assets that are acquired separately.

3) Derecognition of intangible assets

On derecognition of an intangible asset, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset is recognized in profit or loss.

k. Impairment of property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset, investment properties, intangible assets other than goodwill

At the end of each reporting period, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its property, plant and equipment, right-of-use asset and intangible assets, excluding goodwill, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Corporate assets are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units on a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount, with the resulting impairment loss recognized in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss is subsequently reversed, the carrying amount of the corresponding asset, cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but only to the extent of the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized on the asset, cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

1. Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

1) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

a) Measurement category

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: Financial assets at FVTPL, financial assets at amortized cost and investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI.

i. Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets are classified as at FVTPL when such a financial asset is mandatorily classified as at FVTPL. Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL include investments in equity instruments which are not designated as at FVTOCI.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss. Fair value is determined in the manner described in Note 32.

ii. Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortized cost:

- i) The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- ii) The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at amortized cost, including cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, trade receivables, other receivables and other financial assets that measured at amortized cost, which equals the gross carrying amount determined using the effective interest method less any impairment loss. Exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss.

iii. Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Group may make an irrevocable election to designate investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI. Designation as at FVTOCI is not permitted if the equity investment is held for trading or if it is contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity. The cumulative gain or loss will not be reclassified to profit or loss on disposal of the equity investments; instead, it will be transferred to retained earnings.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments are recognized in profit or loss when the Group's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets at amortized cost (including trade receivables) and finance lease receivables.

The Group always recognizes lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) for trade receivables and finance lease receivables. For all other financial instruments, the Group recognizes lifetime ECLs when there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Group measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month ECLs.

Expected credit losses reflect the weighted average of credit losses with the respective risks of default occurring as the weights. Lifetime ECLs represent the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12-month ECLs represent the portion of lifetime ECLs that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The Group recognizes an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

c) Derecognition of financial assets

The Group derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party.

Before 2018, on derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. Starting from 2018, on derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the sum of the consideration received and receivable and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognition of an investment in an equity instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss, and the cumulative gain or loss which had been recognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

2) Equity instruments

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Group are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments issued by the Group are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

The repurchase of the Group's own equity instruments is recognized in and deducted directly from equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Group's own equity instruments.

- 3) Financial liabilities
 - a) Subsequent measurement

All financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

b) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

m. Revenue recognition

The Group identifies contracts with customers and recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied.

For contracts where the period between the date on which the Group transfers a promised good to a customer and the date on which the customer pays for that good is one year or less, the Group does not adjust the promised amount of consideration for the effects of a significant financing component.

• Revenue from the sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods comes from sales of nutritious foods, cooking products. Sales of goods are recognized as revenue when the goods are delivered to the customer's specific location because it is the time when the customer has full discretion over the manner of distribution and price to sell the goods, has the primary responsibility for sales to future customers and bears the risks of obsolescence. Trade receivables and contract assets are recognized concurrently. Any amounts previously recognized as contract assets are reclassified to trade receivables when the remaining obligations are performed. When the customer initially purchases the goods, the transaction price received is recognized as a contract liability until the goods have been delivered to the customer.

n. Leases

At the inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease.

1) The Group as lessor

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of a lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Under finance leases, the lease payments comprise fixed payments, residual value guarantees. The net investment in a lease is measured at (a) the present value of the sum of the lease payments receivable by a lessor and any unguaranteed residual value accrued to the lessor plus (b) initial direct costs and is presented as a finance lease receivable. Finance lease income is allocated to the relevant accounting periods so as to reflect a constant, periodic rate of return on the Group's net investment outstanding in respect of leases.

Lease payments (less any lease incentives payable) from operating leases are recognized as income on a straight-line basis over the terms of the relevant leases.

2) The Group as lessee

The Group recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of a lease, except for short-term leases and low-value asset leases accounted for applying a recognition exemption where lease payments are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Right-of-use assets are initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets, and less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liabilities. Right-of-use assets are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms.

Lease liabilities are initially measured at the present value of the lease payments, which comprise fixed payments and in-substance fixed payments. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in a lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses the lessee's incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in a lease term, the Group remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use-assets. However, if the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets is reduced to zero, any remaining amount of the remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

o. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

Other than stated above, all other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

p. Government grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to the grants and that the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognized in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Group recognizes as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate. Specifically, government grants whose primary condition is that the Group should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire non-current assets are recognized as deferred revenue and transferred to profit or loss on a systematic and rational basis over the useful lives of the related assets.

Government grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the Group with no future related costs are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they become receivable.

q. Employee benefits

1) Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the related services.

2) Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to the contributions.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined contribution retirement benefit plans are determined using the projected unit credit method. Service cost (including current service cost) and net interest on the net defined benefit liabilities (assets) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, effect of changes to asset ceiling and return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which it occurs. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liabilities (assets) represent the actual deficit (surplus) in the Group's defined benefit plan. Any surplus resulting from this calculation is limited to the present value of any refunds from the plans or reductions in future contributions to the plans.

3) Termination benefits

A liability for a termination benefit is recognized at the earlier of when the Group can no longer withdraw the offer of the termination benefit and when the Group recognizes any related restructuring costs.

r. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

1) Current tax

Income tax payable (recoverable) is based on taxable profit (loss) for the year determined according to the applicable tax laws of each tax jurisdiction.

According to the Income Tax Act in the ROC, an additional tax on unappropriated earnings is provided for in the year the shareholders approve to retain earnings.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

2) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax credits for research and development expenditures to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. A previously unrecognized deferred tax asset is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

3) Current tax and deferred taxes for the year

Current tax and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current tax and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION

In the application of the Group's accounting policies, management is required to make judgments, estimations and assumptions on the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered relevant and are related to information that is not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The Group considers the possible impact of the recent development of the COVID-19 and its economic environment implications when making its critical accounting estimates on cash flows, growth rates, discount rates, profitabilities, etc. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised if the revisions affect only that period or in the period of the revisions and future periods if the revisions affect both current and future periods.

Estimate of Return Liability

The sales of goods are recognized upon completion of the profit-making process, on the conditions set out in Note 4. Management estimates the return liability based on market condition and the historical return rates. The sales return allowance is recorded as the deduction of sales, and management periodically reviews the reasonableness of accounting estimates.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	December 31				
	2022		2022 2021		
Cash on hand Checking accounts and demand deposits Cash equivalents (investments with original maturities of 3 months	\$ 2	<i>y</i> = 1		1,940 2,279,149	
or less) Time deposits	1	,574,522		<u>1,466,980</u>	
	<u>\$4</u>	,348,255	<u>\$</u>	<u>3,748,069</u>	

The market rate intervals of cash in bank at the end of the reporting period were as follows:

	Decen	ıber 31
	2022	2021
Bank balance	0.001%-5.150%	0.001%-4.125%

7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	December 31			
	2022	2021		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL) - current				
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL				
Non-derivative financial assets				
Listed shares	\$ 24,900	\$ -		
Mutual funds	1,261,901	1,146,721		
Note cash		28,239		
	<u>\$ 1,286,801</u>	<u>\$ 1,174,960</u>		
Financial assets at FVTPL - non-current				
Financial assets mandatorily classified as at FVTPL Non-derivative financial assets				
Listed shares	\$ 6,662	\$ 4,991		
Domestic unlisted shares	2,059	2,244		
	<u>\$ 8,721</u>	<u>\$ 7,235</u>		

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Current			
Investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)	<u>\$ 184,359</u>	<u>\$ 313,940</u>	
Non-current			
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	<u>\$ 359,217</u>	<u>\$ 507,240</u>	
Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI			
	Decem	ıber 31	
	2022	2021	
Current			
Listed shares and emerging market shares Ordinary shares - Far Eastern International Bank	\$ 16,135	\$ 15,523	
Ordinary shares - Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd Ordinary shares - Formosa Plastics Corporation	5,492 7,937	5,662 9,510 (Continued)	

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Ordinary shares - China Steel Corporation Ordinary shares - Polytronics Technology Corp. Ordinary shares - Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	\$ 23,937 90,493 40,365	\$ 28,395 199,500 <u>55,350</u>	
	<u>\$ 184,359</u>	<u>\$ 313,940</u>	
Non-current			
Listed shares and emerging market shares Ordinary shares - GeneFerm Biotechnology Co., Ltd. Unlisted shares	\$ 143,508	\$ 95,136	
Ordinary shares - Dah Chung Bills Finance Corp.	15,549	17,129	
Ordinary shares - InnoComm Mobile Technology Corp.	199,152	393,948	
Ordinary shares - AsiaVest Liquidation Co.	1,008	1,027	
	<u>\$ 359,217</u>	<u>\$ 507,240</u> (Concluded)	

These investments in the Group are not held for trading. Instead, they are held for medium- to long-term strategic purposes. Accordingly, the management elected to designate these investments in equity instruments as at FVTOCI as they believe that recognizing short-term fluctuations in these investments' fair value in profit or loss would not be consistent with the Group's strategy of holding these investments for long-term purposes.

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Current			
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months	<u>\$ 1,061,060</u>	<u>\$ 1,936,561</u>	
Non-current			
Time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months	<u>\$ 1,807,854</u>	<u>\$ 716,466</u>	

The ranges of interest rates for time deposits with original maturities of more than 3 months were approximately 0.76%-5.25% and 0.40%-4.13% per annum as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

10. NOTES RECEIVABLE, TRADE RECEIVABLES AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Notes receivable			
Operating	<u>\$ 9,223</u>	<u>\$ 18,370</u>	
Trade receivables			
At amortized cost Gross carrying amount Less: Allowance for impairment loss	\$ 5,025,105 (59,455) <u>\$ 4,965,650</u>	\$ 5,722,846 (23,433) \$ 5,699,413	
Other receivables	<u>+</u>		
Accrued interest Others	\$ 66,902 	\$ 19,100 	
	<u>\$ 307,080</u>	<u>\$ 218,409</u>	

The average credit period of receivables from sales of goods was 30-90 days. In order to minimize credit risk, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determining credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue debts. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual trade debt at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate allowance is made for possible irrecoverable amounts.

The Group measures the loss allowance for trade receivables at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs. The expected credit losses on trade receivables are estimated using a provision matrix approach considering the past default experience of the debtor and an analysis of the debtor's current financial position, adjusted for general economic conditions of the industry in which the debtors operate and an assessment of both the current as well as the forecasted direction of economic conditions at the reporting date.

The Group writes off a trade receivable when there is information indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and there is no realistic prospect of recovery. For trade receivables that have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivables due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognized in profit or loss.

The following table details the loss allowance of trade receivables based on the Group's provision matrix.

December 31, 2022

	Not Past Due	Less than 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	Over 180 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.12%	2.89%	4.98%	12.66%	92.23%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	\$ 4,492,449 (5,350)	\$ 214,865 (6,206)	\$ 146,754 (7,304)	\$ 157,919 (19,989)	\$ 22,341 (20,606)	\$ 5,034,328 (59,455)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 4,487,099</u>	<u>\$ 208,659</u>	<u>\$ 139,450</u>	<u>\$ 137,930</u>	<u>\$ 1,735</u>	<u>\$ 4,974,873</u>

December 31, 2021

	Not Past Due	Less than 30 Days	31 to 90 Days	91 to 180 Days	Over 180 Days	Total
Expected credit loss rate	0.02%	0.96%	1.32%	11.66%	56.74%	
Gross carrying amount Loss allowance (Lifetime ECL)	\$ 5,148,907 (1,237)	\$ 115,592 (1,106)	\$ 415,704 (5,484)	\$ 42,173 (4,916)	\$ 18,840 (10,690)	\$ 5,741,216 (23,433)
Amortized cost	<u>\$ 5,147,670</u>	<u>\$ 114,486</u>	<u>\$ 410,220</u>	<u>\$ 37,257</u>	<u>\$ 8,150</u>	<u>\$ 5,717,783</u>

The movements of the loss allowance of notes receivables and trade receivables were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Balance at January 1	\$ 23,433	\$ 32,487	
Add: Net remeasurement of loss allowance	38,700	-	
Less: Net remeasurement of loss allowance	-	(4,817)	
Less: Amounts written off	(3,166)	(3,828)	
Foreign exchange translation gains and losses	488	(409)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 59,455</u>	<u>\$ 23,433</u>	

11. FINANCE LEASE RECEIVABLES

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Undiscounted lease payments			
Year 1	\$ 571	\$ 4,700	
Year 2	1,095	4,800	
Year 3	1,143	4,800	
Year 4	1,143	4,800	
Year 5	1,659	4,800	
Year 6 onwards	5,611	<u>3,800</u> 27,700	
Less: Unearned finance income	(165)	(3,669)	
Net investment in leases presented as finance lease receivables	<u>\$ 5,446</u>	<u>\$ 24,031</u>	

As of December 31, 2022, no finance lease receivable was past due. The Group has not recognized a loss allowance for finance lease receivables after taking into consideration the historical default experience and the future prospects of the industries in which the lessees operate, together with the value of collateral held over these finance lease receivables.

12. INVENTORIES

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Merchandise	\$ 470,926	\$ 389,687	
Finished goods	2,196,524	2,300,070	
Work in progress	909,042	736,022	
Raw materials	1,996,324	2,198,038	
Packing materials	85,922	77,312	
	<u>\$ 5,658,738</u>	<u>\$ 5,701,129</u>	

The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the year ended December 31, 2022 included loss on write-downs of inventories of \$71,280 thousand and loss on abandoned inventories of \$41,105 thousand. The cost of inventories recognized as cost of goods sold for the year ended December 31, 2021 included write-down of inventories of \$64,547 thousand and loss on abandoned inventories of \$36,587 thousand.

13. PREPAYMENTS

	December 31		
	2022		2021
Prepayments for purchases	\$	824,247	\$ 1,045,918
Prepayments for rent		3,535	5,317
Prepayments for insurance		1,089	974
Excess business tax paid		156,193	234,419
Prepayments for advertisements		9,628	25,870
Others		263,885	215,005
	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,258,577</u>	<u>\$ 1,527,503</u>

14. SUBSIDIARIES

Subsidiaries included in consolidated financial statements.

			-	of Ownership Iber 31	
Investor	Investee	Main Business	2022	2021	Remark
The Company	Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited ("Standard Dairy Products")	Manufacture and sale of dairy products and beverages	100.0	100.0	-
The Company	Charng Hui Ltd. ("Charng Hui")	Investing	100.0	100.0	-
The Company	Domex Technology Corporation ("Domex Technology")	Manufacture and sale of computer peripherals and computer appliances	52.0	52.0	-
The Company	Standard Beverage Company Limited ("Standard Beverage")	Manufacture and sale of beverages	100.0	100.0	-
The Company	Accession Limited	Investing	100.0	100.0	-
The Company	Standard Investment ("Cayman") Limited ("Cayman Standard")	Investing	100.0	100.0	-
The Company	Standard Foods, LLC.	Sale of health food	100.0	100.0	-
					(Continued)

			Proportion o Decem	f Ownership	
Investor	Investee	Main Business	2022	2021	Remark
The Company	Standard Great Foods Singapore PTE. LTD.	Food business	100.0	-	In November 2022, the Company invested SGD \$14 thousand and established Standard Great Foods Singapore PTE. LTD.
Accession Limited	Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Standard")	Manufacture and sale of edible oils and nutritious foods	100.0	100.0	-
Accession Limited	Shanghai Le Ben De Health Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Le Ben De")	Technical consultant on health technology, technical transfer and technical service	-	100.0	Accession Limited transferred its equity interest to Shanghai New Vitality through the restructuring of the organization in December 2022.
Accession Limited	Dermalab S.A. ("Dermalab")	Development and sale of cosmetics	100.0	100.0	Accession Limited invested Dermalab CHF \$1,450 thousand in March 2021
Dermalab	Swissdema SL ("Swissdema")	Sale of cosmetics	100.0	100.0	-
Cayman Standard	Standard Corporation (Hong Kong) Limited ("Hong Kong Standard")	Investing	100.0	100.0	-
Hong Kong Standard	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd. ("China Standard Investment")	Investing and sale of edible oils and nutritious foods	99.0	99.0	-
Hong Kong Standard	Shanghai New Vitality Health Technology (Group) Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai New Vitality")	Sale of nutritional foods, cosmetic and engage in import and export business	99.0	-	Hong Kong Standard invested RMB \$99,000 thousand in Shanghai New Vitality in November 2022.
Hong Kong Standard	Shanghai Le Ming Industrial Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Le Ming")	Management of properties	100.0	100.0	-
Hong Kong Standard	Shanghai Le Ho Industrial Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Le Ho")	Management of properties	100.0	100.0	-
China Standard Investment	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd. ("China Standard Foods")	Manufacture and sale of edible oils and nutritious foods	100.0	100.0	-
China Standard Investment	Shanghai Dermalab Corporation ("Shanghai Dermalab")	Sale of nutritional foods, cosmetic and engage in import and export business	-	100.0	China Standard Investment transferred its equity interest to Shanghai New Vitality through the restructuring of the organization in December 2022.
The Company and China Standard Investment	Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Health Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Le Ben Tuo")	Sale of nutritional foods and engage in import and export business	-	100.0	The Company and China Standard Investment transferred its equity interest to Shanghai New Vitality through restructuring of the organization in December 2022.
China Standard Investment	Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd. ("Xiamen Standard")	Manufacture and sale of edible oils and nutritious foods	100.0	100.0	-
Shanghai New Vitality	Shanghai Dermalab Corporation ("Shanghai Dermalab")	Sale of nutritional foods, cosmetic and engage in import and export business	100.0	-	Shanghai New Vitality took over the equity interest from China Standard Investment through the restructuring of the organization in December 2022.
Shanghai New Vitality	Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Health Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Le Ben Tuo")	Sale of nutritional foods and engage in import and export business	100.0	-	Shanghai New Vitality took over the equity interest from the company and China Standard Investment through the restructuring of the organization in December 2022.
Shanghai New Vitality	Shanghai Le Ben De Health Technology Co., Ltd. ("Shanghai Le Ben De")	Technical consultant on health technology, technical transfer and technical service	100.0	-	Shanghai New Vitality took over the equity interest from Accession Limited through the restructuring of the organization in December 2022. (Concluded)

15. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Equipment	Other Equipment	Property in Construction	Total
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2021 Additions	\$ 705,345	\$ 3,392,715	\$ 4,168,193 4,240	\$ 574,828 2,047	\$ 127,003 612,919	\$ 8,968,084 619,206
Disposals Reclassified Transferred from investment properties	10,805	(59,058) 72,387 36,012	(169,035) 167,977	(33,515) 51,126	(1,209) (302,295)	(262,817)
Effects of foreign currency exchange differences		(7,961)	(4,921)	(1,601)	29	(14,454)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 716,150</u>	<u>\$_3,434,095</u>	<u>\$ 4,166,454</u>	<u>\$ 592,885</u>	<u>\$ 436,447</u> (<u>\$_9,346,031</u> (Continued)

	Freehold Land	Buildings	Equipment	Other Equipment	Property in Construction	Total
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2021 Disposals Depreciation expenses Transferred from investment properties Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ - - - - -	\$ 1,410,765 (48,168) 160,426 17,526 (2,125)	\$ 2,914,753 (158,090) 268,424 (109) - (2,204)	\$ 440,921 (31,729) 42,877 109 - (1,026)	\$ - - - -	\$ 4,766,439 (237,987) 471,727 - - 17,526 (5,355)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,538,424</u>	<u>\$_3,022,774</u>	<u>\$ 451,152</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$_5,012,350</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 716,150</u>	<u>\$ 1,895,671</u>	<u>\$ 1,143,680</u>	<u>\$ 141,733</u>	<u>\$ 436,447</u>	<u>\$ 4,333,681</u>
Cost						
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Reclassified Transferred to investment property Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 716,150 278,470 	\$ 3,434,095 11,696 (3,808) 92,249 (23,788) 	\$ 4,166,454 (55,283) 100,132 	\$ 592,885 1,403 (31,768) 51,015 - 4,383	\$ 436,447 373,419 (521,866) 527	\$ 9,346,031 386,518 (90,859) (23,788) 50,911
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 994,620</u>	<u>\$ 3,538,358</u>	<u>\$ 4,229,390</u>	<u>\$ 617,918</u>	<u>\$ 288,527</u>	<u>\$ 9,668,813</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2022 Disposals Depreciation expenses Transferred to investment property Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ - - - - -	\$ 1,538,424 (2,745) 158,307 1,011 (18,876) <u>8,576</u>	\$ 3,022,774 (50,438) 251,607 (426) - 9,239	\$ 451,152 (31,585) 46,354 (585) 	\$ 	\$ 5,012,350 (84,768) 456,268 (18,876) 21,048
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 1,684,697</u>	<u>\$ 3,232,756</u>	<u>\$ 468,569</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 5,386,022</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 994,620</u>	<u>\$ 1,853,661</u>	<u>\$ 996,634</u>	<u>\$ 149,349</u>	<u>\$ 288,527</u> (<u>\$_4,282,791</u> Concluded)

No impairment assessment was performed for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 since there was no indication of impairment.

The depreciation expenses on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives of the assets:

Building	
Main buildings	20-51 years
Electrical and mechanical equipment	8-20 years
Engineering	3-39 years
Others	3-20 years
Equipment	
Main equipment	2-20 years
Engineering	3-20 years
Others	3-15 years
Other equipment	2-15 years

Refer to Note 33 for the carrying amount of property, plant and equipment pledged by the Group to secure borrowings granted to the Group.

16. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

December 31	
2022	2021
\$ 396,328	\$ 386,459
187,883	259,442
1,665	348
4,940	5,872
<u>\$ 590,816</u>	<u>\$ 652,121</u>
For the Year En	ded December
2022	2021
<u>\$ 56,783</u>	<u>\$ 196,069</u>
\$ 12,689	\$ 12,414
83,533	77,229
376	96
4,226	6,125
	2022 \$ 396,328 187,883 1,665 4,940 <u>\$ 590,816</u> For the Year En 2022 <u>\$ 56,783</u> \$ 12,689 83,533 376

 December 31

 2022
 2021

 Carrying amounts
 \$ 93,575

 Current
 \$ 93,575
 \$ 89,117

 Non-current
 \$ 157,283
 \$ 230,856

Range of discount rates for lease liabilities was as follows:

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Land	1.07%-1.49%	1.07%-1.49%	
Buildings	1.07%-4.35%	1.07%-4.35%	
Office equipment	1.07%	1.07%	
Transportation equipment	1.07%-3.77%	1.07%-3.77%	

c. Material lease-in activities and terms

The Group also leases land, buildings and transportation equipment for the use of plants, offices and business cars with lease terms of 1 to 50 years. The Group does not have bargain purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms. In addition, the Group is prohibited from subleasing or transferring all or any portion of the underlying assets without the lessor's consent.

d. Other lease information

Lease arrangements under operating leases for leasing out the investment properties are set out in Note 17. Lease arrangements for leasing out the assets under finance leases are set out in Note 11.

	For the Year Ended December 3		
	2022	2021	
Expenses relating to short-term leases Expenses relating to low-value asset leases	<u>\$ 93,766</u> \$ 933	<u>\$ 100,631</u> \$ 2,789	
Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the	<u>+</u>	<u>+;</u>	
measurement of lease liabilities	<u>\$ 80</u>	<u>\$ 78</u>	
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ (192,400)</u>	<u>\$ (195,533)</u>	

The Group's leases of certain office equipment qualify as short-term leases and low-value asset leases. The Group has elected to apply the recognition exemption and, thus, did not recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for these leases.

17. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES

	Completed Investment Properties	Right-of-use Assets	Total
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2021 Transfers to property, plant and equipment Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 1,009,740 (36,012) (3,456)	\$ 5,635 (23)	\$ 1,015,375 (36,012) (3,479)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 970,272</u>	<u>\$ 5,612</u>	<u>\$ 975,884</u>
Accumulated depreciation and impairment			
Balance at January 1, 2021 Depreciation expenses Transfers to property, plant and equipment Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 169,797 37,107 (17,526) (447)	\$ 781 440 (3)	\$ 170,578 37,547 (17,526) (450)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 188,931</u>	<u>\$ 1,218</u>	<u>\$ 190,149</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 781,341</u>	<u>\$ 4,394</u>	<u>\$ 785,735</u>
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2022 Transfers from property, plant and equipment Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 970,272 23,788 11,878	\$ 5,612 	\$ 975,884 23,788 <u>11,959</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 1,005,938</u>	<u>\$ 5,693</u>	<u>\$ 1,011,631</u> (Continued)

	Completed Investment Properties		Right-of-use Assets		Total	
Accumulated depreciation and impairment						
Balance at January 1, 2022 Depreciation expenses Transfers from property, plant and equipment Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$	188,931 37,942 18,876 <u>1,839</u>	\$	1,218 451 - 13	\$	190,149 38,393 18,876 <u>1,852</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	247,588	<u>\$</u>	1,682	<u>\$</u>	249,270
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	758,350	<u>\$</u>	4,011	<u>\$</u>	<u>762,361</u> (Concluded)

The investment properties held by the Group are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Building	
Main buildings	35-51 years
Electrical and mechanical equipment	24-25 years
Engineering	28 years
Right-of-use assets	49 years
Others	24 years

Some of the Group's investment properties are located in Suzhou City, Jiangsu Province, China. Because the location is an industrial zone, there is no price available of similar properties for comparison in the market. Therefore, the Group cannot obtain a reliable alternative to estimate and determine the fair value

In addition to the above, the fair values of the investment properties were \$1,142,323 thousand and \$1,129,067 thousand as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively. The management of the Group determined the fair value with reference to market transaction prices of similar properties.

All of the Group's investment properties are held under freehold interests. The carrying amounts of investment properties pledged by the Group to secure borrowings granted to the Group are disclosed in Note 33.

18. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	Trademark	Computer Software	Total
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2021 Additions Disposals Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 261,737 59 (185) (3,134)	\$ 225,239 17,188 (3)	\$ 486,976 17,247 (185) (3,137)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 258,477</u>	<u>\$ 242,424</u>	<u>\$ 500,901</u> (Continued)

	Trademark	Computer Software	Total
Accumulated amortization and impairment			
Balance at January 1, 2021 Disposals Amortization expenses Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 170,665 (185) 4,790 <u>2,366</u>	\$ 210,920 - 9,924 (2)	\$ 381,585 (185) 14,714 <u>2,364</u>
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 177,636</u>	<u>\$ 220,842</u>	<u>\$ 398,478</u>
Carrying amount at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 80,841</u>	<u>\$ 21,582</u>	<u>\$ 102,423</u>
Cost			
Balance at January 1, 2022 Additions Disposals Effects of foreign currency exchange differences	\$ 258,477 375 (291) <u>6,398</u>	\$ 242,424 20,156 (742) <u>16</u>	\$ 500,901 20,531 (1,033) <u>6,414</u>
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 264,959</u>	<u>\$ 261,854</u>	<u>\$ 526,813</u>
Accumulated amortization and impairment			
Balance at January 1, 2022 Disposals Amortization expenses Effects of foreign currency exchange differences Balance at December 31, 2022	\$ 177,636 (291) 5,039 (901) <u>\$ 181,483</u>	\$ 220,842 (742) 14,954 <u>16</u> \$ 235,070	\$ 398,478 (1,033) 19,993 (885) \$ 416,553
Carrying amount at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 83,476</u>	<u>\$ 26,784</u>	<u>\$ 110,260</u> (Concluded)

No impairment assessment was performed for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 as there was no indication of impairment.

The amortization expenses on a straight-line basis over the following estimated lives:

Trademark	10-20 years
Computer software	2-3 years

19. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Current		
Pledge time deposits (Note 33)	\$ 9,904	\$ 4,019
Advances to officers	29,217	17,340
Temporary payments	10	9
Right to recover a product Others	70,445	75,190 792
ouers	21	
	<u>\$ 109,597</u>	<u>\$ 97,350</u>
Non-current		
Prepayments for equipment	\$ 12,834	\$ 29,583
Refundable deposits	271,840	139,038
Others	91,272	99,642
	<u>\$ 375,946</u>	<u>\$ 268,263</u>
20. BORROWINGS		
a. Short-term borrowings		
	December 31	
	2022	2021
Secured borrowings (Note 34)		
Bank loans	\$ 202,178	\$ 200,000
Unsecured borrowings		
Bank loans	2,725,997	1,172,463
	<u>\$_2,928,175</u>	<u>\$ 1,372,463</u>

The range of interest rates on bank loans was 1.73%-2.80% and 1.10%-3.00% per annum as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

b. Short-term bills payable

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Commercial paper Less: Unamortized discount on bills payable	\$	\$ 260,000 (145)
	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 259,855</u>

Outstanding short-term bills payable were as follows:

December 31, 2021

Financial Institutions	Nominal Amount	Discount Amount	Carrying Amount	Interest Rate	Collateral	Carrying Amount of Collateral
Commercial paper						
Mega Bills Finance Co., Ltd. Taiwan Cooperative Financial Holding	\$ 50,000	\$ (10)	\$ 49,990	1.19%	-	\$-
Co., Ltd. International Bills	50,000	(28)	49,972	1.19%	-	-
Finance Corp. Dah Chung Bills	60,000	(5)	59,995	1.19%	-	-
Finance Corp. Taiwan Bills	50,000	(70)	49,930	1.39%	-	-
Finance Corp.	50,000	(32)	49,968	1.29%	-	
	<u>\$ 260,000</u>	<u>\$ (145</u>)	<u>\$ 259,855</u>			<u>\$ -</u>

21. NOTES PAYABLE AND TRADE PAYABLES

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Notes payable			
Operating	<u>\$ 543,484</u>	<u>\$ 859,254</u>	
Trade payables			
Operating	<u>\$ 1,405,642</u>	<u>\$ 1,895,397</u>	

The average credit period of payables for purchases of goods was 30-90 days. The Group has financial risk management policies in place to ensure that all payables are paid within the pre-agreed credit terms.

22. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Current		
Other payables		
Payable for salaries and bonuses	\$ 418,811	\$ 450,726
Payable for compensation of employees	19,470	38,903
Payable for remuneration of directors	8,237	16,716
Payable for commission and rebates	1,593,054	1,343,638
-		(Continued)

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Advertisement payable Payable for royalties Payable for freight Payable for equipment Others	\$ 285,252 25,917 64,997 74,402 <u>1,247,511</u>	\$ 218,665 24,817 99,060 89,108 1,158,470
	<u>\$ 3,737,651</u>	<u>\$ 3,440,103</u>
Other liabilities Advance receipts from customers Return liability Others	\$ 1,771 113,120 <u>15,571</u> <u>\$ 130,462</u>	\$ 2,349 120,465 <u>19,180</u> <u>\$ 141,994</u>
Non-current		
Other liabilities Guarantee deposits Others	\$ 22,224 	\$ 31,055 <u>121</u> <u>\$ 31,176</u> (Concluded)

In accordance with business practices, the Group accepts the returns of goods sold. Taking into account the historical experience in the past, the Company estimates the return rate with the most probable amount, and recognizes the return liability, which accounts for other current liabilities, and related product rights to be returned, which accounts for other current assets.

23. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The Company and domestic subsidiaries of the Group adopted a pension plan under the Labor Pension Act (LPA), which is a state-managed defined contribution plan. Under the LPA, an entity makes monthly contributions to employees' individual pension accounts at 6% of monthly salaries and wages. The foreign subsidiaries also make contributions to defined contribution plan in accordance with the local regulations.

b. Defined benefit plans

The defined benefit plan of the Company and domestic subsidiaries of the Group are operated by the government of the Republic of China (ROC) in accordance with the Labor Standards Act. Pension benefits are calculated on the basis of the length of service and average monthly salaries of the six months before retirement. The Company and domestic subsidiaries of the Group make monthly contributions to their respective pension funds administered by the pension fund monitoring committee. Pension contributions are deposited in the Bank of Taiwan in the committee's name. Before the end of each year, the Group assesses the balance in the pension fund. If the amount of the balance in the pension fund is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Group is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The pension fund is managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor (the "Bureau"); the Group has no right to influence the investment policy and strategy.

Dermalab of the Group also adopted a defined benefit plan.

The amounts included in the consolidated balance sheets in respect of the Group's defined benefit plans were as follows:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Present value of funded defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets	\$ 592,117 (412,099)	\$ 672,049 (436,142)
Net defined benefit liabilities	<u>\$ 180,018</u>	<u>\$ 235,907</u>

Movements in net defined benefit liabilities (assets) were as follows:

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities (Assets)
Balance at January 1, 2021	<u>\$ 719,471</u>	<u>\$ (442,291)</u>	<u>\$ 277,180</u>
Service cost		,	
Current service cost	10,361	-	10,361
Net interest expense (income)	3,324	(2,102)	1,222
Recognized in profit or loss	13,685	(2,102)	11,583
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts			
included in net interest)	-	(9,618)	(9,618)
Actuarial loss - changes in demographic			
assumptions	12,609	-	12,609
Actuarial gain - changes in financial			
assumptions	(3,125)	-	(3,125)
Actuarial gain - experience adjustments	(3,381)	<u> </u>	<u>(3,381</u>)
Recognized in other comprehensive income	6,103	<u>(9,618</u>)	(3,515)
Contributions from the employer		(47,823)	(47,823)
Contributions from plan participants	2,673	(2,673)	
Benefits paid	(65,065)	65,065	
Exchange differences	(4,818)	3,300	(1,518)
Balance at December 31, 2021	672,049	(436,142)	235,907
			(Continued)

	Present Value of the Defined Benefit Obligation	Fair Value of the Plan Assets	Net Defined Benefit Liabilities (Assets)
Service cost			
Current service cost	\$ 7,617	\$ -	\$ 7,617
Net interest expense (income)	3,342	(2,268)	1,074
Recognized in profit or loss	10,959	(2,268)	8,691
Remeasurement			
Return on plan assets (excluding amounts			
included in net interest)	-	(22,385)	(22,385)
Actuarial loss - changes in demographic			
assumptions	1,531	-	1,531
Actuarial gain - changes in financial			
assumptions	(52,548)	-	(52,548)
Actuarial gain - experience adjustments	13,840		13,840
Recognized in other comprehensive income	(37,177)	(22,385)	(59,562)
Contributions from the employer		(13,445)	(13,445)
Contributions from plan participants	3,720	(3,720)	
Benefits paid	(54,824)	54,824	
Exchange differences	7,343	(6,009)	1,334
Others	(9,953)	17,046	7,093
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$ 592,117</u>	<u>\$ (412,099</u>)	<u>\$ 180,018</u> (Concluded)

Through the defined benefit plans under the Labor Standards Act, the Group is exposed to the following risks:

- 1) Investment risk: The plan assets are invested in domestic and foreign equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the Bureau or under the mandated management. However, in accordance with relevant regulations, the return generated by plan assets should not be below the interest rate for a 2-year time deposit with local banks.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan's debt investments.
- 3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The significant assumptions used for the purposes of the actuarial valuations were as follows:

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Discount rates	1.125%-2.100%	0.375%-0.650%	
Expected rates of salary increase	0.500%-3.250%	0.500%-3.000%	

If possible reasonable change in each of the significant actuarial assumptions occur and all other assumptions remain constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation will increase (decrease) as follows:

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Discount rates		
0.250% increase	<u>\$ (13,898</u>)	<u>\$ (16,991</u>)
0.250% decrease	<u>\$ 14,388</u>	<u>\$ 17,718</u>
Expected rates of salary increase		
0.250% increase	<u>\$ 12,191</u>	<u>\$ 15,118</u>
0.250% decrease	<u>\$ (11,831</u>)	<u>\$ (14,821</u>)

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the present value of the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

	December 31	
	2022	2021
The expected contributions to the plan for the next year	<u>\$ 17,164</u>	<u>\$ 44,203</u>
The average duration of the defined benefit obligation	1.0-12.5 years	1.0-14.7 years

24. EQUITY

a. Share capital

1) Ordinary shares

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Number of shares authorized (in thousands) Shares authorized Number of shares issued and fully paid (in thousands) Shares issued	<u>920,000</u> <u>9,200,000</u> <u>915,089</u> <u>9,150,897</u>	<u>920,000</u> <u>\$ 9,200,000</u> <u>915,089</u> <u>\$ 9,150,897</u>

2) Global depositary receipts

As of December 31, 2022, a total of 6,908.4 units of Global Depositary Receipts (GDRs) (representing 34,542 shares of the Company's ordinary shares), where each GDR representing five shares of the Company's ordinary shares. Holders of the GDRs may request at any time that the shares represented by the GDRs be transferred to them.

b. Capital surplus

	December 31	
	2022	2021
May be used to offset a deficit, distributed as cash dividends, or transferred to share capital (1)		
Recognized from the difference between consideration received or paid and the carrying amount of the subsidiaries' net assets during actual disposal or acquisition	\$ 1	\$ 1
Recognized from treasury share transactions	156,271	143,599
May be used to offset a deficit		
Changes in percentage of ownership interests in subsidiaries (2)	709	466
	<u>\$ 156,981</u>	<u>\$ 144,066</u>

- 1) Such capital surplus may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or transferred to share capital (limited to a certain percentage of the Company's capital surplus and to once a year).
- 2) Such capital surplus arises from the effect of changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries that result from equity transactions other than actual disposals or acquisitions, or from changes in capital surplus of subsidiaries accounted for using the equity method.
- c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

Under the dividend policy as set forth in the amended Articles, where the Company made profit in a fiscal year, the profit shall be appropriated from (less any paying taxes and deficit):

- 1) 10% thereof as legal reserve;
- 2) Special reserve provided or reversed in accordance with the regulations;
- 3) 30% to 100% of this the sum of the remainder and prior years' unappropriated earnings as dividends.

The Company's Articles of Incorporation also prescribe that 30% to 100% of dividends shall be paid in cash; however, if the Company has major investment plans for which external funds are not available, the percentage may be lowered to 5% to 20%. The distribution plan shall be proposed by the Company's board of directors and resolved in the shareholders' meeting for distribution of dividends and bonus to shareholders. For the policies on distribution of the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors after amendment, refer to Note 26(i) compensation of employees and remuneration of directors".

Appropriation of earnings to legal reserve shall be made until the legal reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital. Legal reserve may be used to offset deficit. If the Company has no deficit and the legal reserve has exceeded 25% of the Company's paid-in capital, the excess may be transferred to capital or distributed in cash.

The appropriations of earnings 2021 and 2020 approved in the shareholders' meetings on June 16, 2022 and July 22, 2021, respectively, were as follows:

	Appropriation of Earnings	
	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2021	2020
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 245,834</u>	\$ 319,167
Cash dividends	\$ 1,738,670	\$ 2,287,724
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$1.9	\$2.5

The appropriations of earnings for 2022 were proposed by the Company's board of directors on March 15, 2023. The appropriations and dividends per share were as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2022
Legal reserve	<u>\$ 126,036</u>
Cash dividends	<u>\$ 1,180,466</u>
Cash dividends per share (NT\$)	\$1.29

The appropriations of earnings for 2022 are subject to the resolution of the shareholders in their meeting to be held on June 16, 2023.

d. Special reserve

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Balance at January 1 and December 31	<u>\$ 577,494</u>	<u>\$ 577,494</u>

Appropriation for special reserve should be made in the amount equal to the net debit balance of other equity. Any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses and, thereafter, distributed.

e. Other equity items

1) Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Balance at January 1	<u>\$ (612,857</u>)	<u>\$ (572,206</u>)	
Recognized for the year			
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign operations	123,680	(40,651)	
Other comprehensive income recognized for the year	123,680	(40,651) (40,651)	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ (489,177</u>)	<u>\$ (612,857</u>)	

2) Unrealized (loss) gain on financial assets at FVTOCI

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Balance at January 1	\$ 422,781	\$ 216,714	
Recognized for the year Unrealized (loss) gain - equity instruments Other comprehensive income recognized for the year	<u>(184,132)</u> <u>(184,132</u>)	<u> 206,067</u> 206,067	
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 238,649</u>	<u>\$ 422,781</u>	

f. Non-controlling interests

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Balance at January 1	\$ 440,027	\$ 331,139
Share in profit for the year	30,010	44,478
Other comprehensive income (loss) during the year	,	,
Exchange difference on translation of the financial statements		
of foreign operations	474	(201)
Unrealized (loss) gain on financial assets at FVTOCI	(93,483)	98,459
Remeasurement on defined benefit plans	(1,124)	(430)
Related income tax	-	86
Cash dividends distributed by subsidiaries to non-controlling		
interests	(33,504)	(33,504)
Balance at December 31	<u>\$ 342,400</u>	<u>\$ 440,027</u>

g. Treasury shares

Purpose of Buy-back	Shares Held by Subsidiaries (In Thousands of Shares)
Number of shares at December 31, 2022 and January 1, 2022	<u>6,669</u>
Number of shares at December 31, 2021 and January 1, 2021	<u>6,669</u>

For the purpose of maintaining the Company's credit and shareholders' equity, the Company's shares held by its subsidiaries at the end of the reporting periods were as follows:

Name of Subsidiary	Number of Shares Held (In Thousands of Shares)	Carrying Amount	Market Price
December 31, 2022			
Chang Hui	6,669	<u>\$ 21,182</u>	<u>\$ 265,778</u>
December 31, 2021			
Chang Hui	6,669	<u>\$ 21,182</u>	<u>\$ 352,815</u>

The Company's shares held by subsidiaries were treated as treasury shares, aside from the rights to participate in any share issuance for cash and to vote, the rest were similar to general shareholder's rights.

25. REVENUE

				ded December 31
			2022	2021
Revenue from contracts with custome Revenue from sale of goods	rs		<u>\$ 28,922,800</u>	<u>\$ 34,307,044</u>
a. Contract balances				
	D	ecember 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	January 1, 2021
Notes receivable (Note 10) Trade receivables (Note 10)	<u>⊈</u> <u>⊈</u>	<u>9,223</u> 5,025,105	<u>\$ 18,370</u> <u>\$ 5,722,846</u>	<u>\$3,154</u> <u>\$6,328,068</u>
Trade receivables from related par (Note 32)	s <u>s</u>	4,737	<u>\$ 7,290</u>	<u>\$ 9,011</u>
Contract liabilities - current Sale of goods	<u> </u>	478,697	<u>\$ 509,315</u>	<u>\$ 748,044</u>
b. Disaggregation of revenue				
_	Re	portable Segn	nents	_
	Nutritious Foods	Cooking Products	Others	Total

Types of goods or services Sale of goods	<u>\$ 10,562,341</u>	<u>\$ 14,232,888</u>	<u>\$ 4,127,571</u>	<u>\$ 28,922,800</u>
For the year ended December 31, 2021				

Types of goods or services				
Sale of goods	<u>\$ 11,076,849</u>	<u>\$ 17,783,808</u>	<u>\$ 5,446,387</u>	<u>\$ 34,307,044</u>

26. NET PROFIT

Net profit includes:

a. Interest income

		For the Year End 2022	led December 31 2021
	Bank deposits Financial assets at amortized cost Repurchase agreements collateralized by bonds Others	\$ 44,245 86,562 <u>1,586</u> <u>\$ 132,393</u>	\$ 50,425 53,948 72 <u>1,215</u> <u>\$ 105,660</u>
b.	Other income		
		For the Year End	
		2022	2021
	Rental income Operating lease rental income Investment properties Others Dividends Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI	25,206 <u>1,238</u> <u>26,444</u> <u>24,447</u>	35,073 <u>1,206</u> <u>36,279</u> 24,059
		<u>\$ 50,891</u>	<u>\$ 60,338</u>
c.	Other gains and losses		
		For the Year End	led December 31
		2022	2021
	Fair value changes of financial assets and financial liabilitiesFinancial assets held for tradingNet foreign exchange gains (losses)Net gain (loss) on disposal of property, plant and equipmentGovernment grantsOthers	\$ (74,856) 71,082 1,684 28,538 20,445 <u>\$ 46,893</u>	\$ (42,047) (4,488) (20,862) 29,333 <u>92,506</u> <u>\$ 54,442</u>
d.	Finance costs		
		For the Year End	led December 31
		2022	2021

	2022	2021
Interest on bank loans	\$ 52,797	\$ 38,606
Interest on short-term bills payable	2,117	1,412
Interest on lease liabilities	6,717	8,503
Other interest expense	322	490
	<u>\$ 61,953</u>	<u>\$ 49,011</u>

e. Impairment losses recognized (reversed)

		For the Year End 2022	ded December 31 2021
	Trade receivables Inventories (included in operating costs)	<u>\$ 38,700</u> <u>\$ 71,280</u>	<u>\$ (4,817)</u> <u>\$ 64,547</u>
f.	Depreciation and amortization		
		For the Year End 2022	ded December 31 2021
	An analysis of depreciation by function Operating costs Operating expenses Non-operating revenue and expenses	\$ 394,840 162,252 <u>38,393</u> <u>\$ 595,485</u>	\$ 402,657 164,934 <u>37,547</u> <u>\$ 605,138</u>
	An analysis of amortization by function		

- An analysis of amortization by function Operating costs Operating expenses $\begin{array}{c} \$ & 28,598 \\ 39,831 \\ \hline & 51,533 \\ \hline \$ & 68,429 \\ \hline \$ & 77,892 \end{array}$
- g. Operating expenses directly related to investment properties

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Direct operating expenses of investment properties that generated rental incomeDirect operating expenses of investment properties that did not generated rental income	\$ 445 573	\$ 3,491 <u>596</u>
	<u>\$ 1,018</u>	<u>\$ 4,087</u>

h. Employee benefits expense

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Post-employment benefits		
Defined contribution plans	\$ 152,658	\$ 175,604
Defined benefit plans (see Note 23)	8,691	11,583
-	161,349	187,187
Other employee benefits	2,477,030	2,615,885
Total employee benefits expense	<u>\$ 2,638,379</u>	<u>\$ 2,803,072</u>
	<u>,</u>	(Continued)

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
An analysis of employee benefits expense by function		
Operating costs	\$ 910,712	\$ 956,668
Operating expenses	1,727,667	1,846,404
	<u>\$ 2,638,379</u>	<u>\$ 2,803,072</u>
		(Concluded)

i. Compensation of employees and remuneration of directors

The Company accrued compensation of employees and remuneration of directors at the rates of no less than 0.5% and no higher than 0.75%, respectively, of net profit before income tax, compensation of employees, and remuneration of directors. The compensation of employees and remuneration of directors for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, which were approved by the Company's board of directors on March 15, 2023 and March 21, 2022, respectively, were as follows:

Accrual rate

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Compensation of employees Remuneration of directors	1.30% 0.55%	1.28% 0.55%

Amount

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021 Cash
	Cash	
Compensation of employees	\$ 19,470	\$ 38,903
Remuneration of directors	8,237	16,716

If there is a change in the amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in the accounting estimate.

There was no difference between the actual amounts of compensation of employees and remuneration of directors paid and the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020.

Information on the compensation of employees and remuneration of directors resolved by the Company's board of directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website of the Taiwan Stock Exchange.

j. Gain or loss on foreign currency exchange

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Foreign exchange gains Foreign exchange losses	\$ 206,582 (135,500)	\$ 85,802 (90,290)
Net gains (losses)	<u>\$ 71,082</u>	<u>\$ (4,488</u>)

27. INCOME TAXES

b.

a. Income tax recognized in profit or loss

Major components of income tax expense are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Current tax		
In respect of the current year	\$ 569,308	\$ 704,066
Income tax on unappropriated earnings	24,431	29,359
Adjustments for prior years	(5,498)	(41,020)
	588,241	692,405
Deferred tax		
In respect of the current year	(221,270)	(40,497)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 366,971</u>	<u>\$ 651,908</u>

A reconciliation of accounting profit and income tax expenses is as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31	
	2022	2021
Profit before tax	<u>\$ 1,611,079</u>	<u>\$ 3,153,014</u>
Income tax expense calculated at the statutory rate Nondeductible expenses in determining taxable income Tax-exempt income Unrecognized deductible temporary differences and loss carryforwards	\$ 417,042 26,871 (82,187) (13,688)	\$ 702,350 26,087 (71,006) 6,138
Income tax on unappropriated earnings Adjustments for prior years' tax	24,431 (5,498)	29,359 (41,020)
Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss	<u>\$ 366,971</u>	<u>\$ 651,908</u>
. Income tax recognized in other comprehensive income		
	For the Year End	ded December 31
	2022	2021
Deferred tax		

In respect of the current year		
Translation of foreign operations	\$ 30,920	\$ (10,163)
Fair value changes of financial assets at FVTOCI	(8)	(3)
Remeasurement of defined benefit plans	14,427	2,151
Total income tax recognized in other comprehensive income	<u>\$ 45,339</u>	<u>\$ (8,015</u>)

c. Current tax assets and liabilities

	December 31	
	2022	2021
Current tax assets Tax refund receivable	<u>\$ 588</u>	<u>\$ 4,765</u>
Current tax liabilities Income tax payable	<u>\$ 238,594</u>	<u>\$ 397,210</u>

d. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

The movements of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities were as follows:

For the year ended December 31, 2022

	Opening Balance	Reco C Recognized in Comp Dening Balance Profit or Loss In		Exchange Differences	Closing Balance	
Deferred tax assets						
Temporary differences Investments accounted for using the equity method Exchange differences on translation of the financial	\$ 72,841	\$ 6,048	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 78,889	
statements of foreign operations Defined benefit plans Advertisement payable Deferred sales returns and	153,212 84,783 53,208	(519)	(30,920) (14,231)	241 762	122,292 70,274 53,970	
Allowances Allowance for inventory loss Financial assets measured at cost Others	12,591 10,401 43,872 6,577	5,219 20,696 5,301		- - - 69	17,810 31,097 43,880 11,947	
	<u>\$ 437,485</u>	<u>\$ 36,745</u>	<u>\$ (45,143</u>)	<u>\$ 1,072</u>	<u>\$ 430,159</u>	
Deferred tax liabilities						
Temporary differences Investments accounted for using the equity method Reserve for land value increment	\$ 282,867	\$(182,913)	\$-	\$-	\$ 99,954	
tax Defined benefit plans Others	33,685 4,110 <u>2,999</u>	(2,809) 1,197	- 196 	284	33,685 1,497 <u>4,480</u>	
	<u>\$ 323,661</u>	<u>\$(184,525</u>)	<u>\$ 196</u>	<u>\$ 284</u>	<u>\$ 139,616</u>	

For the year ended December 31, 2021

	Opening Balance	Recognized in Other Recognized in Comprehensive Profit or Loss Income		Exchange Differences	Closing Balance	
Deferred tax assets						
Temporary differences						
Investments accounted for using						
the equity method	\$ 49,881	\$ 22,960	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 72,841	
Exchange differences on translation of the financial statements of foreign						
operations	143,049	-	10,163	-	153,212	
Defined benefit plans	89,251	(3,502)	(677)	(289)	84,783	
Advertisement payable	53,425	-	-	(217)	53,208	
Deferred sales returns and						
allowances	11,225	1,366	-	-	12,591	
Allowance for inventory loss	8,570	1,831	-	-	10,401	
Financial assets measured at cost	43,869	-	3	-	43,872	
Others	17,857	(11,231)		(49)	6,577	
	<u>\$ 417,127</u>	<u>\$ 11,424</u>	<u>\$ 9,489</u>	<u>\$ (555</u>)	<u>\$ 437,485</u>	
Deferred tax liabilities						
Temporary differences						
Investments accounted for using						
the equity method	\$ 307,620	\$ (24,753)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 282,867	
Reserve for land value increment						
tax	33,685	-	-	-	33,685	
Defined benefit plans	2,884	(248)	1,474	-	4,110	
Others	7,139	(4,072)		(68)	2,999	
	<u>\$ 351,328</u>	<u>\$ (29,073</u>)	<u>\$ 1,474</u>	<u>\$ (68</u>)	<u>\$ 323,661</u>	

e. Deductible temporary differences and unused loss carryforwards for which no deferred tax assets have been recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Loss carryforwards Expiry in 2022	\$ -	36,989	
Expiry in 2023	65,536	63,104	
Expiry in 2024 Expiry in 2025	75,162 75,874	74,100 74,541	
Expiry in 2026	59,663	150,234	
Expiry in 2027	171,107		
	<u>\$ 447,342</u>	<u>\$ 398,968</u>	
Deductible temporary differences	<u>\$ 74,684</u>	<u>\$ 570,709</u>	

f. Income tax assessments

The income tax returns of the Company, Standard Dairy Products, Charng Hui, Standard Beverage and Domex Technology for the year ended December 31, 2020 have been assessed by the tax authorities.

28. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Unit: NT\$ Per Share

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2022	2021		
Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	<u>\$ 1.34</u> <u>\$ 1.34</u>	<u>\$ 2.70</u> <u>\$ 2.70</u>		

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding in the computation of earnings per share were as follows:

Net Profit for the Year

	For the Year Ended December 31			
	2022	2021		
Earnings used in the computation of basic earnings per share	<u>\$ 1,214,098</u>	<u>\$ 2,456,628</u>		

Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding (in thousands of shares):

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in computation of			
basic earnings per share	908,420	908,420	
Effects of potentially dilutive ordinary shares:			
Compensation of employees	690	968	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the			
computation of diluted earnings per share	909,110	909,388	

The Company may settle compensation paid to employees in cash or shares; therefore, the Company assumes that the entire amount of the compensation will be settled in shares and the resulting potential shares will be included in the weighted average number of shares outstanding used in the computation of diluted earnings per share, as the effect is dilutive. Such dilutive effect of the potential shares is included in the computation of diluted earnings per share until the number of shares to be distributed to employees is resolved in the following year.

29. CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

Changes in liabilities from financing activities:

For the year ended December 31, 2022

			Non-cash			
	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	Addition Lease/Lease Modification	Exchanging Rate Adjustments	Closing Balance	
Short-term borrowings Short-term bills payable	\$ 1,372,463 259,855	\$ 1,549,193 (259,855)	\$ - -	\$ 6,519 -	\$ 2,928,175 (Continued)	

			Non-cash Changes							
	Opening Balance		Cash Flows		Addition Lease/Lease Modification		Exchanging Rate Adjustments		Closing Balance	
Lease liabilities Guarantee deposits received Other non-current liabilities	\$	319,973 31,055 121	\$	(90,904) (9,272) (127)	\$	16,027 - -	\$	5,762 441 <u>6</u>	\$	250,858 22,224 -
	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,983,467</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,189,035</u>	<u>\$</u>	16,027	<u>\$</u>	12,728		<u>3,201,257</u> oncluded)

For the year ended December 31, 2021

			Non-cash			
	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	Addition Lease/Lease Modification	Exchanging Rate Adjustments	Closing Balance	
Short-term borrowings Short-term bills payable	\$ 1,846,767 129,869	, ,	\$ - -	\$ (7,301)	\$ 1,372,463 259,855	
Lease liabilities	277,973	8 (83,532)	146,896	(21,364)	319,973	
Guarantee deposits received Other non-current liabilities	19,990 130	,		(47) (9)	31,055 121	
	<u>\$ 2,274,729</u>	<u>\$ (409,437</u>)	<u>\$ 146,896</u>	<u>\$ (28,721</u>)	<u>\$ 1,983,467</u>	

30. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Group's capital management objective is to ensure financial resources are available and operating plans are in place for working capital, capital expenditures, research and development expenses, refund liabilities and dividend disbursement, etc. in the next twelve months. The Group manages its capital to ensure that entities in the Group will be able to continue as going concerns while maximizing the return to shareholders through the optimization of the debt and equity balance.

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

- a. Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis
 - 1) Fair value hierarchy

December 31, 2022

]	Level 1	Lev	rel 2	L	evel 3		Total
Financial assets at FVTPL Listed shares Unlisted shares Mutual fund beneficiary	\$	31,562	\$	- -	\$	2,059	\$	31,562 2,059
certification		1,261,90 <u>1</u>]	1,261,901
	<u>\$</u>	<u>1,293,463</u>	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$</u>	2,059		1 <u>,295,522</u> Continued)

Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
\$ 327,867 	\$	\$ <u>-</u> 215,709 \$ 215,709	\$ 327,867 215,709 <u>\$ 543,576</u> (Concluded)
Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
\$ 4,991 - 1,146,721 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 1,151,712</u>	\$ - - - 28,239 <u>\$ 28,239</u>	\$	\$ 4,991 2,244 1,146,721 <u>28,239</u> <u>\$ 1,182,195</u>
\$ 409,076	\$-	\$-	\$ 409,076 412,104
	\$ 327,867 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 327,867</u> Level 1 \$ 4,991 - 1,146,721 <u>-</u> <u>\$ 1,151,712</u>	$\frac{\$ 327,867}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-}$ $\frac{\$ 327,867}{\$ 327,867} \frac{\$ -}{-}$ $\frac{\$ 4,991}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-}$ $\frac{1,146,721}{-} \frac{-}{28,239}$ $\frac{\$ 1,151,712}{\$ 28,239}$	$\frac{\$ 327,867}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{215,709}{\$ 327,867} \frac{\$ -}{\$ -} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{\$ 215,709}{\$ 215,709}$ $\frac{\text{Level 1} \qquad \text{Level 2} \qquad \text{Level 3}$ $\$ 4,991 \qquad \$ - \qquad \$ - \\ - \qquad 2,244$ $\frac{1,146,721}{-} \frac{-}{-} \frac{28,239}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{\$ 2,244}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{1}{-} \frac{28,239}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{\$ 2,244}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{\$ 2,244}{-} \frac{\$ -}{-} \frac{1}{-} \frac$

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

2) Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial instruments

For the year ended December 31, 2022

Financial Assets	Financial Assets <u>at FVTPL</u> Equity Instruments		at FVTPL Equity			
Balance at January 1, 2022	\$	2,244	\$ 412,104	\$ 414,348		
Recognized in profit or loss (included in other gains and losses)		(185)	-	(185)		
Recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) (included in unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at						
FVTOCI)		-	(196,410)	(196,410)		
Impact of exchange rates		<u>-</u>	15	15		
Balance at December 31, 2022	<u>\$</u>	2,059	<u>\$ 215,709</u>	<u>\$ 217,768</u>		
Recognized in other gains and losses - unrealized	<u>\$</u>	(185)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ (185</u>)		

For the year ended December 31, 2021

Financial Assets	Financial Assets at FVTPL Equity Instruments	Financial Assets <u>at FVTOCI</u> Equity Instruments	Total
Balance at January 1, 2021	\$ 6,232	\$ 204,755	\$ 210,987
Acquisition	(4,338)	-	(4,338)
Recognized in profit or loss (included in other gains and losses)	350	-	350
Recognized in other comprehensive income (loss) (included in unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at			
FVTOCI	-	207,353	207,353
Impact of exchange rates	<u> </u>	<u>(4</u>)	(4)
Balance at December 31, 2021	<u>\$ 2,244</u>	<u>\$ 412,104</u>	<u>\$ 414,348</u>
Recognized in other gains and losses - unrealized	<u>\$ 350</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 350</u>

3) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 2 fair value measurement

Financial Instrument	Valuation Technique and Inputs
Note cash	Discounted cash flow:
	Entrum each flours and discounts dist a note that wells at a summent

Future cash flows are discounted at a rate that reflects current borrowing interest rates of the bond issuers at the end of the year.

4) Valuation techniques and inputs applied for Level 3 fair value measurement

The valuation techniques of unlisted shares with no active market are mainly applicable for market and asset valuation methods.

The market method is mainly used to value the fair value of investment objects' market prices and environments.

The asset method is mainly utilized to value the fair value of investment objects' net asset values

b. Categories of financial instruments

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Financial assets			
Financial assets at FVTPL			
Mandatorily classified as at FVTPL	\$ 1,295,522	\$ 1,182,195	
Financial assets at amortized cost (1)	12,785,603	12,487,635	
Financial assets at FVTOCI			
Equity instruments	543,576	821,180	
Financial liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortized cost (2)	4,996,745	4,529,069	

- 1) The balances include financial assets at amortized cost, which comprise cash and cash equivalents, notes receivable, trade and other receivables. Those reclassified to held-for-sale disposal groups are also included.
- 2) The balances include financial liabilities at amortized cost, which comprise short-term loans, short-term bills payable, trade and other payables, and bonds issued. Those reclassified to held-for-sale disposal groups are also included.
- c. Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's major financial instruments include cash and cash equivalents, equity and debt investments, mutual funds, trade receivables, trade payables and loans. The Group's Financial Department provides services to the business, coordinates access to financial markets, monitors and manages the financial risks relating to the operations of the Group through internal risk reports which analyze exposures by degree and magnitude of risks. These risks include market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

1) Market risk

The Group's activities exposed it primarily to the financial risks of changes in foreign currency exchange rates (see (a) below) and interest rates (see (b) below).

a) Foreign currency risk

The Group's foreign currency risk arises from its foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities. The Group watches out for the fluctuation of market exchange rate, and takes appropriate actions to manage the exchange rate risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities (including those eliminated on consolidation) at the end of the reporting period are set out in Note 35.

Sensitivity analysis

The Group was mainly exposed to the RMB, USD, EUR, AUD, CHF and SGD.

The following table details the Group's sensitivity to a 3% increase or decrease in the functional currency against the relevant foreign currencies. A change of 3% is the sensitivity rate used when reporting foreign currency risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in foreign exchange rates. The sensitivity analysis used the outstanding foreign currency denominated monetary items at the end of the reporting period and assumed the exchange rates at the end of the reporting period changed by 3% increase of decrease. The amount below indicates an increase (decrease) in pre-tax profit associated with the functional currency weakening 3% against the relevant currency. For a 3% strengthening of the functional currency against the relevant currency, there would be an equal and opposite impact on pre-tax profit and the balances below would be negative.

	RM	B Impact	USD Impact			
		Year Ended	For the Year Ended			
	Dec	ember 31	Decem	iber 31		
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Profit or loss	\$ 29,547 (i)	\$ 29,098 (i)	\$ 10,741 (ii)	\$ 535 (ii)		
	EU	R Impact	AUDI	mpact		
	For the	Year Ended	For the Year Ended			
	Dec	ember 31	December 31			
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Profit or loss	\$ 2,004 (ii	i) \$ (2,259)(iii)	\$ 2,572 (iv)	\$ - (iv)		
	СН	F Impact	act SGD Impact			
	For the	Year Ended	For the Year Ended			
	Dec	ember 31	Decem	ıber 31		
	2022	2021	2022	2021		
Profit or loss	\$ (138) (v) \$ 796 (v)	\$ 266 (vi)	\$ - (vi)		

- i. This was mainly attributable to the exposure of outstanding RMB bank deposits which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.
- ii. This was mainly attributable to the exposure of outstanding USD bank deposits, receivables and payables which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.
- iii. This was mainly attributable to the exposure on bank deposits in EUR which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.
- iv. This was mainly attributable to the exposure of bank deposits in AUD which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.
- v. This was mainly attributable to the exposure of bank deposits in CHF which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.

- vi. This was mainly attributable to the exposure of bank deposits in SGD which were not hedged at the end of the reporting period.
- b) Interest rate risk

The Group was exposed to interest rate risk because entities in the Group borrowed funds at both fixed and floating interest rates. The Group pays attention to the fluctuations of exchange rates in the market, and takes appropriate actions to manage the exchange rate risk.

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and financial liabilities with exposure to interest rates at the end of the reporting periods were as follows.

	December 31		
	2022	2021	
Fair value interest rate risk			
Financial assets	\$ 4,137,886	\$ 3,168,157	
Financial liabilities	3,059,033	1,784,660	
Cash flow interest rate risk			
Financial assets	320,900	979,900	
Financial liabilities	120,000	167,631	
rmancial naonnues	120,000	107,031	

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the Group's exposure to interest rates for non-derivative instruments at the end of the reporting period. For floating rate assets and liabilities, the analysis was prepared assuming the amount of the asset and liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period was outstanding for the whole year. A 1% basis point increase or decrease was used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates.

If interest rates had been 1% higher and all other variables were held constant, the Group's pre-tax profit for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 would have increased by \$2,009 thousand and \$8,123 thousand, respectively.

The Group's sensitivity to interest rates decreased during the current year mainly due to the decrease in variable rate debt instruments.

c) Other price risk

The Group was exposed to equity price risk due to its investments in listed equity securities and mutual funds. The Group has appointed a special team to monitor the price risk and will consider hedging the risk exposure should the need arise.

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity analyses below were determined based on the exposure to equity price risks at the end of the reporting period.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, pre-tax profit for the year ended December 31, 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$12,955 thousand, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL, and the pre-tax other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2022 would have increased/decreased by \$5,436 thousand, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

If equity prices had been 1% higher/lower, pre-tax profit for the year ended December 31, 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$11,822 thousand, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL, and the pre-tax other comprehensive income for the year ended December 31, 2021 would have increased/decreased by \$8,212 thousand, as a result of the changes in fair value of financial assets at FVTOCI.

2) Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the risk that counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. As at the end of the reporting period, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk which will cause a financial loss to the Group due to failure of counterparties to discharge an obligation could be the carrying amount of the respective recognized financial assets as stated in the consolidated balance sheets.

To reduce credit risk, the Company has a dedicated credit risk management department responsible for credit limit determination, credit approval and other monitoring procedures to ensure that appropriate actions have been taken to collect overdue receivables. In addition, the Company reviews the recoverable amounts of receivables at the balance sheet date to ensure that appropriate impairment losses have been recorded for uncollectible receivables.

Accounts receivable are addressed to wide range of clients and are dispersed across different industries and geographies. The consolidated company continuously evaluates the collateral and financial position obtained by customers receivable.

3) Liquidity risk

The Group manages liquidity risk by monitoring and maintaining a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate to finance the Group's operations and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. In addition, management monitors the utilization of bank borrowings and ensures compliance with loan covenants.

The Group relies on bank borrowings as a significant source of liquidity. As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Group had available unutilized bank loan facilities in the amounts of \$5,107,372 thousand and \$5,397,639 thousand, respectively.

Liquidity and interest rate risk table for non-derivative financial liabilities

The following table details the Group's remaining contractual maturity for its non-derivative financial liabilities with agreed repayment periods. The table has been drawn up based on the undiscounted cash flows of financial liabilities from the earliest date on which the Group can be required to pay. The table included both interest and principal cash flows. Specifically, bank loans with a repayment on demand clause were included in the earliest time band regardless of the probability of the banks choosing to exercise their rights. The maturity dates for other non-derivative financial liabilities were based on the agreed repayment dates.

December 31, 2022

	L	Demand or ess than . Month	1-3 Months	 Ionths to 1 Year	1.	-5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities						
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities	\$	661,460 8,070 -	\$ 1,325,899 18,954 120,086	\$ 57,465 70,308 -	\$ ((22,224 163,512 - Continued)

	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Fixed interest rate liabilities Contract liabilities	\$ 860,858 <u>159,566</u>	\$ 382,951 <u>319,131</u>	\$	\$ 1,565,337
	<u>\$ 1,689,954</u>	<u>\$ 2,167,021</u>	<u>\$ 127,773</u>	<u>\$ 1,751,073</u> (Concluded)
December 31, 2021				
	On Demand or Less than 1 Month	1-3 Months	3 Months to 1 Year	1-5 Years
Non-derivative financial liabilities				
Non-interest bearing Lease liabilities Variable interest rate liabilities Fixed interest rate liabilities Contract liabilities	\$ 932,720 8,186 770,437 169,772	\$ 1,863,680 18,808 105,669 109,951 339,543	\$ 68,348 68,826 62,018 282,618	\$ 31,055 238,837 304,297
	<u>\$ 1,881,115</u>	<u>\$ 2,437,651</u>	<u>\$ 481,810</u>	<u>\$ 574,189</u>

The amounts included above for variable interest rate instruments for non-derivative financial liabilities was subject to change if changes in variable interest rates differ from those estimates of interest rates determined at the end of the reporting period.

32. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Balances and transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of the Company, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note. Besides as disclosed elsewhere in other notes, details of transactions between the Group and other related parties are disclosed below.

a. Related parties and relationships

	Name of Related Party	Relationship with the Group		
	GeneFerm Biotechnology Co., Ltd. ("GeneFerm")	The Company is one of the directors		
b.	Sales of goods			
	Related Party Category/Name	For the Year End 2022	led December 31 2021	
	The Company is one of the directors GeneFerm	<u>\$ 36,465</u>	<u>\$ 24,683</u>	

The sale of goods from related parties were conducted on normal commercial terms.

c. Purchases of goods

	For the Year Ended December 31		
Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021	
The Company is one of the directors GeneFerm	<u>\$ 102,636</u>	<u>\$ 76,368</u>	

Purchases from related parties were conducted on normal commercial terms.

d. Receivables from related parties

		December 31			
Line Items	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021		
Trade receivables	The Company is one of the directors GeneFerm	<u>\$ 4,737</u>	<u>\$ 7,290</u>		

The outstanding trade receivables from related parties are unsecured. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no impairment losses were recognized for trade receivables from related parties.

e. Payables to related parties

		December 31		
Line Items	Related Party Category/Name	2022	2021	
Trade payables	The Company is one of the directors GeneFerm	<u>\$ 19,633</u>	<u>\$ 19,472</u>	

The outstanding payables from related parties were unsecured.

f. Compensation of key management personnel

	For the Year Ended December 31		
	2022	2021	
Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits	\$ 21,101 <u>315</u>	\$ 28,036 241	
	<u>\$ 21,416</u>	<u>\$ 28,277</u>	

The remuneration of directors and key executives was determined by the remuneration committee based on the performance of individuals and market trends.

33. ASSETS PLEDGED AS COLLATERAL OR FOR SECURITY

The following assets were provided as collateral for bank borrowings, issuance of bank acceptances, performance guaranty, and bond for customs clearance:

	Decem	ber 31
	2022	2021
Pledge time deposits (included in other current assets) Property, plant and equipment, net Investment properties, net	\$ 9,904 113,879 <u>34,075</u>	\$ 4,019 105,997 <u>35,257</u>
	<u>\$ 157,858</u>	<u>\$ 145,273</u>

34. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

In addition to those disclosed in other notes, significant commitments and contingencies of the Group as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

- a. The Company has entered into a license agreement with The Quaker Oats Company (Quaker) for a period ending July 11, 2034. The agreement provides that the Company may use Quaker's trademark, and process, manufacture, market and sell Quaker baby cereal, oatmeal, fruit cereal, ready-to-eat cereal, sesame paste, milk powder and other cereal products in the ROC. In consideration of the above, the Company shall pay Quaker royalties at an agreed percentage of net sales (as defined).
- b. Unused letters of credit of approximately US\$613 thousand.
- c. Unrecognized commitments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment of approximately \$141,721 thousand.
- d. Unrecognized commitments for acquiring approximately 55,800 tons of colostrum from dairymen.

35. SIGNIFICANT ASSETS AND LIABILITIES DENOMINATED IN FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies other than functional currencies of the entities in the Group and the exchange rates between foreign currencies and respective functional currencies were as follows:

December 31, 2022

	oreign rrency	Exchange Rate	Carry Amo	0
Financial assets				
Monetary items				
USD	\$ 13,240	30.71 (USD:NTD)	\$ 40	6,590
USD	1,240	6.96 (USD:RMB)	3	8,087
EUR	2,042	32.72 (EUR:NTD)	6	6,803
RMB	223,367	4.41 (RMB:NTD)	98	4,913
		. ,	(Cor	ntinued)

		'oreign urrency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
AUD SGD	\$	4,116 387	20.83 (AUD:NTD) 22.88 (SGD:NTD)	\$ 85,733 8,851
Financial liabilities				<u>\$ 1,590,977</u>
Monetary items				
USD CHF		2,822 139	30.71 (USD:NTD) 7.53 (CHF:RMB)	\$ 86,650 4,616
				<u>\$ 91,266</u> (Concluded)
December 31, 2021				
		`oreign urrency	Exchange Rate	Carrying Amount
Financial assets				
Monetary items USD	\$	12,229	27.68 (USD:NTD)	\$ 338,501
USD	Ŷ	1,280	6.37 (USD:RMB)	35,405
EUR		450	31.32 (EUR:NTD)	14,103
RMB CHF		223,285 600	4.34 (RMB:NTD) 30.18 (CHF:NTD)	969,948 18,105
CHF		279	6.95 (CHF:RMB)	8,432
				<u>\$ 1,384,494</u>
Financial liabilities				
Monetary items				
USD		12,864	27.68 (USD:NTD)	\$ 356,088
EUR		2,854	31.32 (EUR:NTD)	89,390
				<u>\$ 445,478</u>

The Group is mainly exposed to RMB and USD. The following information was aggregated by the functional currencies of the entities in the Group, and the exchange rates between respective functional currencies and the presentation currency were disclosed. The significant realized and unrealized foreign exchange gains (losses) were as follows:

		For the Year Ende	ed December 31	
	2022		2021	
Foreign		Net Foreign Exchange Gains		Net Foreign Exchange Gains
Currencies	Exchange Rate	(Losses)	Exchange Rate	(Losses)
NTD	1 (NTD:NTD)	\$ 68,231	1 (NTD:NTD)	\$ (4,150)
RMB	4.43 (RMB:NTD)	2,324	4.34 (RMB:NTD)	246
CHF	31.20 (CHF:NTD)	527	30.64 (CHF:NTD)	(584)
		<u>\$ 71,082</u>		<u>\$ (4,488</u>)

36. SEPARATELY DISCLOSED ITEMS

- a. Financings provided (Table 1)
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided (Table 2)
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries) (Table 3)
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- f. Disposal of individual real estate at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None.
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 4)
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital (Table 5)
- i. Trading in derivative instruments: None.
- j. Others: Intercompany relationships and significant intercompany transactions (Table 6)
- k. Information on investees (excluding investees of mainland China) (Table 7)
- 1. Information on investment in mainland China
 - 1) The name of the investee in mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee (Table 8)
 - 2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss: None.

m. Information of major shareholders: list all shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater showing the name of the shareholder, the number of shares owned, and percentage of ownership of each shareholder (Table 9)

37. SEGMENT INFORMATION

Information reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance focuses on types of corporation. Specifically, the Group's reportable segments were as follows:

- Standard Foods segment the Company
- Standard Dairy Products segment Standard Dairy Products
- China Standard segment Shanghai Standard, China Standard Investment, China Standard Foods and Xiamen Standard
- Other segments other than the above corporation
- a. Operating segment information

	Standard Foods Segment	Standard Dairy Products Segment	China Standard Segment	Other Segments	Adjustments and Eliminations	Consolidated
For the year ended December 31, 2022						
Sales from external customers Sales among intersegments	\$ 10,657,780 <u>1,510,650</u>	\$ 2,539,444 1,159,395	\$ 12,729,797 	\$ 2,995,779 923	\$ - (2,672,448)	\$ 28,922,800
Total sales	<u>\$ 12,168,430</u>	<u>\$ 3,698,839</u>	<u>\$ 12,731,277</u>	<u>\$ 2,996,702</u>	<u>\$ (2,672,448</u>)	<u>\$ 28,922,800</u>
Interest income Financial cost Depreciation expense Amortization expense	\$ 27,497 \$ 1,375 \$ 212,027 \$ 20,985	\$ 2,223 \$ 1 <u>\$ 44,322</u> \$ 3,438	\$ 112,066 \$ 57,080 \$ 242,605 \$ 28,857	\$ <u>5,461</u> <u>\$18,351</u> <u>\$100,186</u> <u>\$15,149</u>	\$ <u>(14,854)</u> <u>\$(14,854)</u> <u>\$(3,655)</u> <u>\$</u> -	\$ <u>132,393</u> <u>\$61,953</u> <u>\$595,485</u> <u>\$68,429</u>
Operating segment income (loss) Unallocated amount	<u>\$ 2,018,831</u>	<u>\$ 429,334</u>	<u>\$ (806,945</u>)	<u>\$ (44,739</u>)	<u>\$ 14,598</u>	\$ 1,611,079 -
Income before income tax For the year ended December 31, 2021						<u>\$ 1,611,079</u>
Sales from external customers Sales among intersegments Total sales	\$ 11,093,421 1,403,446 <u>\$ 12,496,867</u>	\$ 2,529,089 	\$ 16,440,415 4,956 <u>\$ 16,445,371</u>	\$ 4,244,119 4.674 <u>\$ 4,248,793</u>	\$ (2,271,451) <u>\$ (2,271,451</u>)	\$ 34,307,044
Interest income Financial cost Depreciation expense Amortization expense Operating segment income (loss) Unallocated amount	\$ 19,427 \$ 843 \$ 226,629 \$ 15,378 \$ 2,675,153	\$ 2.771 \$ 18 \$ 48,346 \$ 4,823 \$ 616,209	\$ <u>91,405</u> <u>\$45,909</u> <u>\$235,756</u> <u>\$43,460</u> <u>\$(83,383</u>)	\$ 2,979 \$ 13,163 \$ 97,993 \$ 14,231 \$ (5,500)	<u>\$ (10,922</u>) <u>\$ (10,922</u>) <u>\$ (3,586</u>) <u>\$</u> <u>\$ (49,465</u>)	\$ 105.660 \$ 49.011 \$ 605.138 \$ 77.892 \$ 3,153,014

Income before income tax

\$ 3,153,014

b. Geographical information:

The Group operates in two principal geographical areas - Taiwan and mainland China.

The Group's revenue from external customers by location of operations and information about its non-current assets by location of asset are detailed below.

		om External omers
	For the Year End	ded December 31
	2022	2021
Taiwan	\$ 15,840,943	\$ 17,558,601
Mainland China	12,936,504	16,635,451
Others	145,353	112,992
	<u>\$ 28,922,800</u>	<u>\$ 34,307,044</u>
	Non-curr	ent Assets
	Decem	iber 31
	2022	2021
Taiwan	\$ 2,547,432	\$ 2,528,704
Mainland China	2,483,827	2,629,248
Others	56,714	59,499
	<u>\$ 5,087,973</u>	<u>\$ 5,217,451</u>

Non-current assets exclude financial instruments, deferred tax assets and net defined benefit assets.

FINANCING PROVIDED TO OTHERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.			Financial Statement	Related	Highest Balance		Actual Borrowing	Interest	Nature of	Business	Reasons for	Allowance for	C	Collateral	Financing Limit	Aggregate	
(Note 1)	Lender	Borrower	Account	Parties	for the Period	Ending Balance	Amount	Rate	Financing (Note 2)	Transaction Amounts	Short-term Financing	Impairment Loss	Item	Value	for Each Borrower	Financing Limits	s Note
0	Standard Foods Corporation	Dermalab S.A.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	\$ 18,561	\$ -	\$ -	1.000%	b.	\$ -	Need for operation	\$-	-	\$ -	\$ 6,934,510 (Note 3)	\$ 6,934,510 (Note 3)	Note 11
	Corporation	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	448,880	440,940	440,940	1.200%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	3,467,255 (Note 4)	6,934,510 (Note 5)	Note 11
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables -	Y	676,380	440,940	440,940	1.200%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	3,467,255 (Note 4)	6,934,510 (Note 5)	Note 11
		Standard Beverage Company Limited	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	50,000	50,000	15,000	1.750%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	3,467,255 (Note 4)	6,934,510 (Note 5)	Note 11
1	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	224,440	176,376	114,181	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	1,653,661 (Note 6)	1,653,661 (Note 6)	Note 11
	(China) Co., Ltd.		Financing receivables -	Y	269,328	264,564	197,069	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	1,653,661 (Note 6)	(Note 6) 1,653,661 (Note 6)	Note 11
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	673,320	440,940	380,566	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	1,653,661 (Note 6)	1,653,661 (Note 6)	Note 11
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	538,656	440,940	272,153	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	1,653,661 (Note 6)	1,653,661 (Note 6)	Note 11
2	Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	650,876	639,363	145,224	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	1,305,236 (Note 7)	1,305,236 (Note 7)	Note 11
	1 00us Co., Etu.	Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables -	Y	473,466	220,470	-	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	1,305,236 (Note 7)	1,305,236 (Note 7)	Note 11
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	224,440	220,470	-	1.000%	b.		Need for operation				1,305,236 (Note 7)	1,305,236 (Note 7)	Note 11
3	Shanghai Le Ben De Health Technology Co., Ltd.		Financing receivables - related parties	Y	11,273	5,732	5,732	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	12,016 (Note 8)	12,016 (Note 8)	Note 11
4	Shanghai Le Ho Industrial Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	35,910	35,275	32,158	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	186,526 (Note 9)	186,526 (Note 9)	Note 11
5	Shanghai Le Min Industrial Co., Ltd	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Financing receivables - related parties	Y	35,910	35,275	22,426	1.000%	b.	-	Need for operation	-	-	-	116,688 (Note 10)	116,688 (Note 10)	Note 11

Note 1: "0" for the Company, subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: Reasons for financing are as follows:

a. Need for operation.

b. Need for short-term financing.

Note 3: The total amount shall not exceed 40% of net value of Standard Foods Corporation, which was calculated to be \$6,934,510 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$17,336,274 thousand x 40% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 4: The total amount shall not exceed 20% of net value of Standard Foods Corporation, which was calculated to be \$3,467,255 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$17, 336,274 thousand x 20% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 5: The total amount shall not exceed 40% of net value of Standard Foods Corporation, which was calculated to be \$6, 934,510 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$17, 336,274 thousand x 40% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 6: The total amount shall not exceed 40% of net value of Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd., which was calculated to be \$1,653,661 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$4,134,153 thousand x 40% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 7: The total amount shall not exceed 40% of net value of Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd., which was calculated to be \$1,305,206 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$3,263,089 thousand x 40% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 8: The total amount shall not exceed 40% of net value of Shanghai Le Ben De Health Technology Co., Ltd., which was calculated to be \$12,016 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$30,039 thousand x 40% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 9: The total amount shall not exceed 40% of net value of Shanghai Le Ho Industrial Co., Ltd., which was calculated to be \$186,526 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$466,314 thousand x 40% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 10: The total amount shall not exceed 40% of net value of Shanghai Le Min Industrial Co., Ltd., which was calculated to be \$116,688 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$291,719 thousand x 40% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 11: The amounts presented above were eliminated upon consolidation.

TABLE 1

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

		Guaranteed Pa	arty	Limits on					Ratio of					
No. (Note 1)	Endorsement/Guarantee Provider	Name	Nature of Relationship (Note 2)	Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Provided to Each Guaranteed Party	Maximum Balance for the Period	Ending Balance		Guarantee	Accumulated Endorsement/ Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements	Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount	Guarantee Provided by Parent Company (Note 5)	Guarantee Provided by Subsidiary (Note 5)	Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China (Note 5)	Note
0	Standard Foods Corporation	Standard Beverage Company Limited	b.	\$ 13,869,019 (Note 3)	\$ 145,875	\$ 92,130	\$ -	\$-	0.53%	\$ 17,336,274 (Note 4)	Y	-	-	

Note 1: "0" for the Company, subsidiaries are numbered from "1".

Note 2: Relationships between the endorsement/guarantee provider and the guaranteed party:

- a. Trading partner.
- b. Majority owned subsidiary.
- c. The Company and subsidiary owns over 50% ownership of the investee company.d. A subsidiary jointly owned by the Company and company's directly-owned subsidiary.
- e. Guaranteed by the Company according to construction contract.
- f. Investee company. The guarantees were provided based on the Company's proportionate share in an investee company.
- g. Companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several security for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other.

Note 3: The total amount shall not exceed 80% of the net value in the financial statements of Standard Foods Corporation; the amount was calculated at \$13,869,019 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$17,336,274 thousand x 80% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 4: The total amount shall not exceed 100% of the net value in the financial statements of Standard Foods Corporation; the amount was calculated at \$17,336,274 thousand (the net value per financial statements of \$17,336,274 thousand x 100% as of September 30, 2022).

Note 5: Guarantee provided by the listed parent company, guarantee provided by the subsidiary or guarantee provided to subsidiaries in mainland China, coded "Y".

TABLE 2

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

					December	ber 31, 2022				
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Fair Valu Ownership		Note		
	<u>Classes</u>									
Standard Foods Corporation	Shares Far Eastern International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through other	1,466,828	\$ 16,135	_	\$ 16,135			
	i ai Eastern international commercial Bank Co., Ekd.		comprehensive income - current	1,400,020	φ 10,155		φ 10,155			
	Chunghwa Telecom Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through other	48,600	5,492	-	5,492			
			comprehensive income - current							
	GeneFerm Biotechnology Co., Ltd.	- ·	Financial assets at fair value through other	2,145,110	143,508	5.2	143,508			
	Dah Chung Bills Einenes Com	directors	comprehensive income - non-current	1 274 490	15 540	0.2	15 540			
	Dah Chung Bills Finance Corp.		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	1,274,480	15,549	0.3	15,549			
	Mutual funds									
	Cathay China Domestic Demand Growth Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	3,585,869	69,673	-	69,673			
			loss - current							
	Cathay Target Date 2029 Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	4,720,915	53,973	-	53,973			
	Cathay Global Aggressive Fund		loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or	2,284,844	51,500		51,500			
	Catilay Global Aggressive Fund		loss - current	2,204,044	51,500	-	51,500			
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	53,336,058	734,182	-	734,182			
			loss - current							
	Hua Nan Phoenix Money Market Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	3,209,709	53,023	-	53,023			
	Shares									
	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	12,000	5,382		5,382			
			loss - current							
	Apple Inc.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	1,675	6,683		6,683			
	Amazon com Inc		loss - current Eineneiel essets at fair value through profit or	740	1 000		1 000			
	Amazon.com, Inc.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	740	1,909		1,909			
	Alphabet Inc.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	820	2,222		2,222			
	1		loss - current		_, _		_,			
	Microsoft Corporation		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	372	2,740		2,740			
			loss - current							
	NVIDIA Corporation		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	467	2,096		2,096			
	Tesle Inc		loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or	387	1 161		1 161			
	Tesla, Inc.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	58/	1,464		1,464			

TABLE 3

(Continued)

					December			_
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Fair Value	Note
	U-Teck Environment Corporation, Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	11,200	\$ -	0.2	\$-	
	Octamer, Inc Series E Preference Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	800,000	-	7.8	-	
	Octamer, Inc Series F Preference Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	107,815	-	1.0	-	
	Fortemedia, Inc Series D Preference Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	3,455	-	1.2	-	
	Fortemedia, Inc Series E Preference Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	71,397	-	1.2	-	
	Fortemedia, Inc Series F Preference Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	29,173	-	1.2	-	
	Fortemedia, Inc Series G Preference Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	31,135	-	1.3	-	
	Fortemedia, Inc Series I Preference Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	29,102	-	1.3	-	
	Fortemedia, Inc Ordinary Shares		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	12,938	-	1.2	-	
	Techgains Pan-Pacific Corporation		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	500,000	-	0.9	-	
	Authenex, Inc.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	2,424,242	-	5.5	-	
	Paradigm Venture Capital Corporation		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	153,320	2,059	7.0	2,059	
Standard Dairy Products Taiwan								
Limited	Cathay China Domestic Demand Growth Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,195,290	23,224	-	23,224	
	Cathay Target Date 2029 Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	786,819	8,995	-	8,995	
	Cathay Global Aggressive Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	761,615	17,167	-	17,167	
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	6,722,366	92,535		92,535	
Charng Hui Ltd.	<u>Shares</u>							
	Standard Foods Corporation	Parent of Charng Hui Ltd.	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	6,669,471	265,778	0.7	265,778	Note
	Formosa Plastics Corporation		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	91,440	7,937	-	7,937	
	China Steel Corporation		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	803,258	23,937	-	23,937	
	Polytronics Technology Corp.	Charng Hui Ltd. is one of the directors	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	1,596,000	90,493	1.9	90,493	
	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - current	90,000	40,365	-	40,365	

(Continued)

					December	31, 2022		
Holding Company Name	Type and Name of Marketable Securities	Relationship with the Holding Company	Financial Statement Account	Shares	Carrying Amount	Percentage of Ownership	Fair Value	Note
	<u>Mutual funds</u> Fuh Hwa Global Strategic Allocation FoF		Financial assets at fair value through profit or	1,000,000	\$ 11,500	-	\$ 11,500	
	Franklin Templeton SinoAm Franklin Templeton Global Bond Fund of Funds-Accu.		loss - current Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	1,453,360	16,851	-	16,851	
	Taishin 1699 Money Market Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	966,084	13,298	-	13,298	
	<u>Shares</u> Hong Da Leasing & Finance Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	8,297,000	-	23.7	-	
	CNEX Co., Ltd.	Charng Hui Ltd. is one of the directors	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	1,000,000	-	6.0	-	
	Amphastar Pharmaceuticals Inc. (AMPH)	the uncertors	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - non-current	7,742	6,662	-	6,662	
Standard Beverage Company Limited	<u>Mutual funds</u> Fuh Hwa Greater China Mid & Small Cap		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	225,000	1,881	-	1,881	
	Franklin Templeton SinoAm Global Bd Acc		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	282,988	3,281	-	3,281	
Domex Technology Corporation	<u>Shares</u> InnoComm Mobile Technology Corp.		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	3,600,000	199,152	13.4	199,152	
Accession Limited	<u>Shares</u> AsiaVest Liquidation Co.		Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - non-current	200	1,008	0.7	1,008	
	<u>Mutual funds</u> Term Liquidity Fund		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	33,453	110,818	-	110,818	
China Standard Investment	<u>Shares</u> Ccoop Group Co., Ltd.		Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - current	342,939	2,404	-	2,404	

Note: The amounts presented above were eliminated upon consolidation.

(Concluded)

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Tra	insaction	Details	Abnor	mal Transaction	Notes/Accounts (Receivab	•	
Company Name	Related Party	Relationships	Purchases (Sales)	Amount	% to Total	Payment Terms	Unit Price	Payment Terms	Ending Balance	% to Total	- Note
Standard Foods Corporation	Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	The Company's subsidiary	Sales	\$ (1,510,650)	12.41	55 days after month end closing (net of receivables and payables)	-	-	\$ 141,101	6.76	Note
			Purchases	1,159,395	14.57	55 days after month end closing (net of receivables and payables)	-	-	-	-	Note
Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	Standard Foods Corporatio	n Parent company of Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	Purchases	1,510,650	53.21	55 days after month end closing (net of receivables and payables)	-	_	(141,101)	33.69	Note
			Sales	(1,159,395)	31.34	55 days after month end closing (net of receivables and payables)	-	-	-	-	Note
Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Brother company of Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Sales	(1,725,669)	69.44	60 days after month-end closing	-	-	599,301	100.00	Note
Ltu.	(Clinia) Co., Ltu.	Standard Poods Co., Etd.	Purchases	694,761	30.51	60 days after month-end closing	-	-	(262,620)	79.73	Note
Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Brother company of Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Purchases	1,725,669	15.79	60 days after month-end closing	-	-	(599,301)	17.08	Note
C0., Ltd.	C0., L1u.		Sales	(694,761)	5.63	60 days after month-end closing			262,620	10.66	Note
Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Parent company of Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Sales	(5,300,160)	94.98	60 days after month-end closing	-	-	1,361,068	99.98	Note
Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.'s subsidiary	Purchases	5,300,160	48.71	60 days after month-end closing	-	-	(1,361,068)	38.79	Note
Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Brother company of Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Purchases	101,445	2.61	60 days after month-end closing	-	-	(10)	0.03	Note
Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Brother company of Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Sales	(101,445)	1.82	60 days after month-end closing	-	-	10	-	Note
	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.		Sales	(3,801,302)	96.14	60 days after month-end closing	_	-	1,094,813	99.53	Note
Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.'s subsidiary	Purchases	3,801,302	34.94	60 days after month-end closing	_	-	(1,094,813)	31.20	Note

Note: The amounts presented above were eliminated upon consolidation.

TABLE 4

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2022

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Company Name	Related Party	Relationships	Ending Balance for Accou Parti		Turnover Rate	Ove Amount	rdue Actions Taken	Amounts Received in Subsequent Period	Allowance for Bad Debts	Note
Standard Foods Corporation	Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	The Company's subsidiary	Trade receivables Other receivables	$ \begin{array}{r} $	11.55	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>-</u>		\$ 141,101 (Note 1) <u>3,269</u> (Note 1) <u>\$ 144,370</u> (Note 1)	\$ - <u>\$</u> -	(Note 2) (Note 2)
	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	The Company's subsidiary	Financing receivables Other receivables	\$ 440,940 2,508 <u>\$ 443,448</u>		\$ - - <u>\$</u> -		\$ - (Note 1) - (Note 1) <u>\$ -</u> (Note 1)	\$ - - <u>\$ -</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2)
	Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	The Company's subsidiary	Financing receivables Other receivables	\$ 440,940 <u>2,508</u> <u>\$ 443,448</u>		\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$ -</u>		\$ - (Note 1) - (Note 1) <u>\$ -</u> (Note 1)	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$ -</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2)
Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Brother company of Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Trade receivables Financing receivables Other receivables	\$ 599,301 145,224 <u>5,443</u> <u>\$ 749,968</u>	2.93	\$ - - <u>-</u> <u>-</u>		\$ 599,301 (Note 1) - (Note 1) <u>5,443</u> (Note 1) <u>\$ 604,744</u> (Note 1)	\$ 	(Note 2) (Note 2) (Note 2)
Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Parent company of Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Trade receivables Other receivables	\$ 1,361,068 <u>13,736</u> <u>\$ 1,374,804</u>	3.79	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$</u>		\$ 471,961 (Note 1) <u>2,932</u> (Note 1) <u>\$ 474,893</u> (Note 1)	\$ - - <u>\$ -</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2)
Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.'s subsidiary	Trade receivables Financing receivables Other receivables	23 272,153 <u>19,443</u> <u>291,619</u>	23.66	\$- - <u>-</u> <u>\$-</u>		\$ 23 (Note 1) - (Note 1) <u>19,443</u> (Note 1) <u>\$ 19,466</u> (Note 1)	\$ - - <u>-</u> <u>-</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2) (Note 2)
	Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.'s subsidiary	Financing receivables Other receivables	380,566 <u>17,457</u> <u>\$ 398,023</u>		- - <u>\$</u>		- (Note 1) <u>14.841</u> (Note 1) <u>\$ 14.841</u> (Note 1)	- - <u>\$</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2)
	Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Brother company of Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Trade receivables Other receivables	\$ 262,620 <u>3,536</u> <u>\$ 266,156</u>	2.98	\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$ -</u>		\$ 262,620 (Note 1) <u>3,536</u> (Note 1) <u>\$ 266,156</u> (Note 1)	\$ - - <u>\$ -</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2)
	Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Health Technology Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.'s subsidiary	Financing receivables Other receivables	\$ 197,069 <u>2,417</u> <u>\$ 199,486</u>		\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$ -</u>			\$ - - <u>\$ -</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2)
	Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.'s subsidiary	Financing receivables Other receivables	\$ 114,181 		\$ - <u>-</u> <u>\$ -</u>		\$ - (Note 1) <u>2.046</u> (Note 1) <u>\$ 2.046</u> (Note 1)	\$ - - <u>\$ -</u>	(Note 2) (Note 2)
Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Parent company of Standard Foods	Trade receivables	<u>\$ 1,094,813</u>	2.94	<u>\$</u>		<u>\$ 1,094,813</u> (Note 1)	<u>\$</u>	(Note 2)

Note 1: Amounts received before March 23, 2023.

Note 2: The amounts presented above were eliminated upon consolidation.

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

No.			Deletionshin	Transactions Details							
No. (Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount (Note 4)	Payment Terms	% to Total Sale or Assets (Note				
0	Standard Foods Corporation	Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	а	Trade receivables - related parties	\$ 141,101	According to the general conditions	0.5				
		Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	а	Other receivables - related parties	3,269	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	а	Sales	1,510,650	According to the general conditions	5.2				
		Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	а	Purchases	1,159,395	According to the general conditions	4.0				
		Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	а	Royalty revenue	9,308	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Beverage Company Limited	а	Other receivables - related parties	117	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Beverage Company Limited	а	Financing receivables - related parties	15,000	Interest rate 1.750%	0.1				
		Standard Beverage Company Limited	а	Interest income	189	Interest rate 1.750%	-				
		Standard Beverage Company Limited	а	Service revenue	1,320	According to the general conditions	-				
		Dermalab	а	Interest income	186	Interest rate 1.000%	-				
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Other receivables - related parties	2,508	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Financing receivables - related parties	440,940	Interest rate 1.200%	1.6				
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Interest income	3,650	Interest rate 1.200%	-				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Other receivables - related parties	2,508	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Financing receivables - related parties	440,940	Interest rate 1.200%	1.6				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	a	Interest income	5,902	Interest rate 1.200%	-				
1	Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	c	Trade receivables - related parties	599,301	According to the general conditions	2.1				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Financing receivables - related parties	145,224	Interest rate 1.000%	0.5				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Other receivables - related parties	5,443	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Trade payables - related parties	262,620	According to the general conditions	0.9				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Other payables - related parties	3,536	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Sales	1,725,669	According to the general conditions	6.0				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Purchases	694,761	According to the general conditions	2.4				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Interest income	2,823	Interest rate 1.000%	-				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Other revenue	5,152	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Other expenses	204	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Research and development expenses	3,549	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.		Trade payables - related parties	277	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Sales	2,160	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	с	Purchases		According to the general conditions	-				
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.		Sales	1,448	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.		Trade receivables - related parties	11	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	с	Sales	138	Interest rate1.000%	-				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	с	Purchases	50	According to the general conditions	-				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	с	Interest income	557	Interest rate1.000%	-				

TABLE 6

(Continued)

No.			Transactions Details							
Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	(Note 2)	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount (Note 4)	Payment Terms	% to Total Sales or Assets (Note 3			
2	Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	a	Trade receivables - related parties	\$ 23	According to the general conditions	-			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	a	Other receivables - related parties	19,443	According to the general conditions	0.1			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Financing receivables - related parties	272,153	Interest rate1.000%	1.0			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Trade payables - related parties	1,361,068	According to the general conditions	4.9			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Other payables - related parties	13,736	According to the general conditions	-			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Sales	343	According to the general conditions	-			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Purchases	5,300,160	According to the general conditions	18.3			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Interest income	3,471	Interest rate1.000%	-			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Other revenue	19,520	According to the general conditions	0.1			
		Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	а	Rental expenses	97	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	а	Other receivables - related parties	2,046	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	а	Financing receivables - related parties	114,181	Interest rate1.000%	0.4			
		Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	а	Interest income	2,053	Interest rate1.000%	-			
		Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	а	Expense	69	According to the general conditions	-			
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Other receivables - related parties	17,457	According to the general conditions	0.1			
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Financing receivables - related parties	380,566	Interest rate1.000%	1.4			
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Trade payables - related parties	1,094,813	According to the general conditions	3.9			
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Sales	229	According to the general conditions	-			
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Purchases	3,801,302	According to the general conditions	13.1			
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Interest income	19,243	Interest rate1.000%	0.1			
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	а	Other revenue	12,422	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	а	Other receivables - related parties	2,417	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	а	Financing receivables - related parties	197,069	Interest rate1.000%	0.7			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	а	Trade payables - related parties	15	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	а	Sales	32	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	а	Purchases	776	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	с	Other expenses	78	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	с	Interest income	2,235	Interest rate1.000%	-			
		Shanghai Le Ho Industrial Co., Ltd.	с	Other payables - related parties	322	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ho Industrial Co., Ltd.	с	Financing payables - related parties	32,158	Interest rate1.000%	0.1			
		Shanghai Le Ho Industrial Co., Ltd.	c	Interest expenses	324	Interest rate1.000%	-			
		Shanghai Le Min Industrial Co., Ltd.	c	Other payables - related parties	308	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Min Industrial Co., Ltd.	c	Financing payables - related parties	22,426	Interest rate1.000%	0.1			
		Shanghai Le Min Industrial Co., Ltd.	c	Interest expenses	309	Interest rate1.000%	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	c	Other payables - related parties	34	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Financing payables - related parties	5,732	Interest rate1.000%	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Interest expenses	80	Interest rate1.000%	-			
3	Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	Dermalab	с	Trade payables - related parties	2,956	According to the general conditions	-			
	_	Dermalab	с	Purchases	51,698	According to the general conditions	0.2			
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	с	Purchases	21	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Trade payables - related parties	5,508	According to the general conditions	-			
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Purchases	10,785	According to the general conditions	-			

(Continued)

N.			D - 1 - 4 ² 1. ²	Transactions Details							
No. (Note 1)	Investee Company	Counterparty	Relationship (Note 2)	Financial Statement Accounts	Amount (Note 4)	Payment Terms	% to Total Sales or Assets (Note 3)				
4	Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	c	Other receivables - related parties	\$ 894	According to the general conditions	_				
	Standard 1 00ds (China) Co., Etd.	Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	c	Rental revenue	3,655	According to the general conditions	_				
		Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	c	Other expenses	5,002	According to the general conditions	_				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	c	Trade receivables - related parties	10	According to the general conditions	_				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	c	Trade payables - related parties	5,152	According to the general conditions	_				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	c	Sales	101,445	According to the general conditions	0.4				
		Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	c	Purchases	5,005	According to the general conditions	-				
5	Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Co., Ltd.	Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Trade receivables - related parties	857	According to the general conditions	-				
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Trade payables - related parties	766	According to the general conditions	-				
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Sales	6,773	According to the general conditions	-				
		Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	с	Purchases	4,325	According to the general conditions	-				
6	Shanghai Le Ben De Co., Ltd.	Dermalab	с	Trade payables - related parties	4,566	According to the general conditions	-				
		Dermalab	с	Purchases	9,700	According to the general conditions	-				
7	Shanghai New Vitality Health Technology (Group) Co., Ltd.	Accession Limited	с	Other payables - related parties	29,984	According to the general conditions	0.1				

Note 1: The parent company and its subsidiaries do business with each other. Information shall be stated separately and numbered as follows:

- a. Parent company is 0.
- b. Subsidiaries, sequentially numbered by Arabic numerals from 1.

Note 2: The related parties have the following three relationships:

- a. Parent company to its subsidiaries.
- b. Subsidiaries to its parent company.
- c. Subsidiaries to subsidiaries.

Note 3: Amounts of balance sheet accounts are calculated as percentage of consolidated total assets; amounts of income statement accounts are calculated as percentage of consolidated total revenues.

Note 4: The amount was eliminated upon consolidation.

(Concluded)

INFORMATION ON INVESTEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Original Inves	tment Amount	As of I	December 3	1, 2022	Net Income	Share of	
Investor Company	Investee Company	Location	Main Businesses and Products	December 31, 2022	December 31, 2021	Shares %		Carrying Amount	(Loss) of the Investee	Profits (Loss)	Note
Standard Foods Corporation	Accession Limited	Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Investment business	\$ 3,936,267	\$ 3,936,267	123,600,000	100	\$ 3,645,244	\$ 26,829	\$ 28,884 (Note 1)	Subsidiary (Note 5)
	Standard Investment (Cayman) Limited	Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands	Investment business	4,713,791	4,710,865	150,224,815	100	4,685,090	(914,564)	· · · ·	Subsidiary (Note 5)
	Standard Dairy Products Taiwan Limited	Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacture and sale of dairy products and beverages	300,853	300,853	30,000,000	100	1,042,081	340,558	340,971 (Note 2)	Subsidiary (Note 5)
	Charng Hui Ltd.	Taipei, Taiwan	Investment business	230,000	230,000	24,100,000	100	297,285	24,684	12,012 (Note 3)	Subsidiary (Note 5)
	Domex Technology Corporation	Hsinchu, Taiwan	Manufacture and sale of computer peripherals and computer and information products	114,116	114,116	10,374,399	52	328,587	81,050	```	Subsidiary (Note 5)
	Standard Beverage Company Limited	Taipei, Taiwan	Manufacture and sale of beverages	79,072	79,072	7,907,000	100	81,609	839	839	Subsidiary (Note 5)
Subsidiary (Note 5)	Standard Foods, LLC.	U.S.A.	Sale of health foods	9,056	9,056	Note 4	100	9,213	-	-	Subsidiary (Note 5)
	Standard Great Foods Singapore PTE. LTD.	Singapore	Food business	317	-	Note 4	100	320	-	-	Subsidiary (Note 5)
Accession Limited	Dermalab S.A.	Switzerland	Development and sale of cosmetics	379,489	379,489	4,050	100	238,663	(10,148)	-	Indirect subsidiary (Note 5)
Dermalab S.A.	Swissderma SL	Spain	Sale of cosmetics	96	96	3,000	100	-	-	-	Indirect subsidiary (Note 5)
Standard Investment (Cayman) Limited	Standard Corporation (Hong Kong) Limited	Hong Kong	Investment business	4,709,971	4,708,566	150,098,815	100	4,683,503	(914,408)	-	Indirect subsidiary (Note 5)

Note 1: This amount was the share of profit of the investee of \$26,829 thousand plus the unrealized gain or loss on sidestream transactions of \$2,055 thousand.

Note 2: This amount was the share of profit of the investee of \$340,558 thousand plus the unrealized gain or loss on sidestream transactions of \$413 thousand.

Note 3: This amount was the share of profit of the investee of \$24,684 thousand minus the Standard Foods Corporation Cash dividends paid of \$12,672 thousand.

Note 4: This is a limited company with no issued shares.

Note 5: The amounts presented above were eliminated upon consolidation.

TABLE 7

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENTS IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

				Accumulated	Remittanc	e of Funds	Accumulated					Accumulated	
Investee Company	Main Businesses and Products	Paid-in Capital	(Note 1)	Outward Remittance for Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2022	Outward	Invoctmont from	Net Income (Loss) of the Investee			Investment Gain (Loss) (Note 2) Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2022		Note	
Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of edible oil products and nutritional foods	\$ 3,949,575	b. (Note 3)	\$ 3,949,575 (Note 4)	\$-	\$-	\$ 3,949,575 (Note 4)	\$ 29,183	100.0	\$ 29,814 (Note 10)	\$ 3,265,214	\$-	Note 12
Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.	Investment and sales of edible oil products and nutritional foods	3,755,530	b. (Note 5)	3,718,677 (Note 5)	-	-	3,718,677 (Note 5)	(872,826)	99.0	(864,098) (Note 10)	3,568,111	-	Note 12
Shanghai New Vitality Health Technology (Group) Co., Ltd.	Sale of nutritional foods, cosmetic and engage in import and export business	445,000	b. (Note 5)	(Note 5)	-	-	(Note 5)	(15,711)	99.0	(15,554) (Note 10)	364,395	-	Note 12
Standard Foods (China) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of edible oil products and nutritional foods	1,714,756	c. (Note 6)	- (Note 6)	-	-	- (Note 6)	68,410	99.0	77,777 (Note 10)	2,441,375	-	Note 12
Shanghai Dermalab Corporation	Sale of nutritional foods, cosmetics and international trading	93,989	c. (Note 9)	(Note 6)	-	-	(Note 9)	(14,822)	99.0	(14,674) (Note 10)	(17,223)	-	Note 12
Shanghai Le Ben Tuo Health Technology Co., Ltd.	Sale of nutritional foods and international trading	380,418	c. (Note 9)	181,048 (Note 7)	-	-	181,048 (Note 9)	(122,197)	99.0	(121,660) (Note 10)	(57,254)	-	Note 12
Shanghai Le Ben De Health Technology Co., Ltd.	Sale of nutritional foods and international trading	31,220	c. (Notes 4 and 9)	31,220 (Note 4)	-	-	31,220 (Note 9)	920	99.0	924 (Note 10)	30,896	-	Note 12
Standard Foods (Xiamen) Co., Ltd.	Manufacture and sale of edible oil products and nutritional foods	1,307,582	c. (Note 6)	- (Note 6)	-	-	(Note 6)	54,219	99.0	68,427 (Note 10)	1,601,316	-	Note 12
Shanghai Le Ho Industrial Co., Ltd.	Property management	607,717	b. (Note 5)	607,717 (Note 5)	-	-	607,717 (Note 5)	(21,706)	100.0	(21,706) (Note 10)	460,888	-	Note 12
Shanghai Le Min Industrial Co., Ltd.	Property management	378,009	b. (Note 5)	378,009 (Note 5)	-	-	378,009 (Note 5)	(13,033)	100.0	(13,033) (Note 10)	288,326	-	Note 12

Accumulated Outward Remittance for Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2022	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on the Amount of Investment Stipulated by Investment Commission, MOEA				
\$8,919,525	\$9,656,767	Unlimited amount of investment (Note 10)				

Note 1: The methods for engaging in investment in mainland China include the following:

- a. Direct investment in mainland China.b. Indirect investment in mainland China through companies registered in a third region.

c. Other methods.

TABLE 8

(Continued)

- Note 2: For the investment income (loss) recognized in the current period:
 - a. There was no investment income (loss) recognized due to the investment still being in the development stage.
 - b. The investment income (loss) was determined based on the following basis:
 - 1) The financial report was audited and certified by an international accounting firm in cooperation with an ROC accounting firm.
 - 2) The financial statements audited by the CPA of the parent company in Taiwan.
 - 3) Others.
- Note 3: Accession Limited is the investor company in third region.
- There was no difference between the beginning balance of the accumulated amount invested from Taiwan for the year ended December 31, 2022; the investment remained at \$4,034,074 thousand. Of the \$4,034,074 thousand, \$53,279 thousand has been retained in Note 4: Accession Limited. The remaining balance of thereof, amounting to \$3,980,795 thousand, was originally the outward remittance of the investment of Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd. in 2015. However, as of July 2015, of the \$3,980,795 thousand, \$31,220 thousand was invested in Shanghai Le Ben De Health Technology Co., Ltd. by Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd. and Shanghai Le Ben De Health Technology Co., Ltd. was \$3,949,575 thousand and \$31,220 thousand, respectively.
- Note 5: Standard Corporation (Hong Kong) Limited is the investor company in third region.
- Note 6: The Company in mainland China was reinvested through a company registered in mainland China, namely Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd.
- The Company in mainland China was invested directly by Standard Foods Corporation and was reinvested through a company registered in mainland China, namely Standard Investment (China) Co., Ltd. The amount invested directly was \$181,048 thousand. Note 7:
- Note 8: This company was spun off from Shanghai Standard Foods Co., Ltd.; it is the investor company in third region.
- The Company in mainland China was reinvested through a company registered in mainland China, namely Shanghai New Vitality Health Technology (Group) Co., Ltd. Note 9:
- Note 10: Recognition of investment income (loss) was based on Note 2, b, 2).
- Note 11: The Industrial Development Bureau of the MOEA issued the proofing document of operational headquarters to the Company; the document is still valid within the audit period. Hence, according to the Investment Commission of the MOEA, there is no upper limit on the amount of investment.
- Note 12: The amounts presented above were eliminated upon consolidation.

(Concluded)

TABLE 9

STANDARD FOODS CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

INFORMATION OF MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2022

	Shares					
Name of Major Shareholder	Number of Shares	Percentage of Ownership (%)				
Mu Te Investment Co., Ltd. Trust Property Account Chia Yun Investment Co., Ltd. Trust Property Account Chia Chieh Investment Co., Ltd. Trust Property Account	161,918,315 133,417,408 108,503,160	17.69 14.79 11.85				

- Note 1: The information of major shareholders presented in this table is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation based on the number of ordinary shares and preference shares held by shareholders with ownership of 5% or greater, that have been issued without physical registration (including treasury shares) by the Company as of the last business day for the current quarter. The share capital in the consolidated financial statements may differ from the actual number of shares that have been issued without physical registration because of different preparation basis.
- Note 2: If a shareholder delivers the shareholdings to the trust, the above information will be disclosed by the individual truster who opened the trust account. For shareholders who declare insider shareholdings with ownership greater than 10% in accordance with the Security and Exchange Act, the shareholdings include shares held by shareholders and those delivered to the trust over which shareholders have rights to determine the use of trust property. For information relating to insider shareholding declaration, please refer to Market Observation Post System.